Hijacker surrenders

LAS PALMAS, Canary Islands (R) --- A lone gunman hijacked a Moroccan airliner to Spain's Canary Islands Tuesday but later sucrendered after releasing all six passengers, an Interior Ministry spokesman said. He said the man, armed with a sub-machinegum, gave himself up to police after negotiating with a Spanish government representative in Las Palmas at the island's Gando airport. The Royal Air Maroc twin-engined Fokker, with six passengers and two crew, was commandeered on a flight to Smara from El Ajun, in the formerly Spanish-ruled Western Sahara, annexed by Morocco. The hijack came less than a week before King Hassan of Morocco starts his first state visit to Spain next Monday. Police said the hijacker asked Spanish authorities over the plane's radio to publish a statement about the king's Madrid visit. Details of the statement were not immediately known. The plane landed at Las Paknas, on Grand Canary Island off the Western Sahara, at 3 p.m. (1400 GMT) after the pilot radioed that he was being held at gunpoint.

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Qasem, Andersson discuss Mideast

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches AMMAN — The foreign ministers of Jordan and Sweden Tuesday discussed efforts for peace in the Middle East, the Lebance situation and the state of negotiations between Iran and Iraq after

eight years of war. Marwan Al Qasem and Sten Andersson also reviewed Jordan-Swedish relations and cooperation and means to boost them, the Jordan News Agency, Petra

According to Petra, both ministers agreed that the best forum to work out a Middle East peace settlement was an international conference with the participation of all parties involved and the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council, it

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Qasem and Andersson, who arrived here Monday to join King Gustaf and Queen Silvia on a state visit to Jordan, exchanged views on various Arab and international political issues. Qasem reaffirmed the need for continued efforts to settle the Arab-Israeli conflict on the basis of U.N. Security Council resolution 242, Petra reported.

Qasem praised Sweden's "positive and constructive position towards the issues of the region," the news agency said.

Andersson expressed his country's readiness to exert more efforts towards restoring peace in the Middle East, it added.

On the Lebanese situation, the ? Citizes two ministers reaffirmed that their countries welcomed the Arab tripartite committee's revived bid to end the Lebanese

need to hasten the process of egotiations and to implement U.N. Security Council Resolu-

The meeting was attended by the Foreign Ministry secretary-general and other senior officials as well as the Jordanian ambassador to Sweden.

According to sources quoted by Reuters, Qasem and Andersson also reviewed Egypt's efforts to bring about direct Israeli-Palestinian negotiations and Cairo's 10-point proposal over Israel's plan for Palestinian elections in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. Qasem said Monday that the Egyptian proposal was more of a test of Israel's seriousness towards settling the Palestinian problem. Andersson, who visited Cairo and met with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat before arriving here, has said that Sweden welcomes the Egyptian initiative.

Anderson briefed Qasem on the outcome of his meetings with Mubarak and Arafat, and of Egypt's readiness to bost direct Palestinian-Israeli dialogue, according to the sources quoted by Reuters.

In an interview with the local press earlier this week, Andersson denied that Sweden was a direct mediator in the Arab-Israeli conflict. "We are only trying to help the concerned parties to reach an agreement to end the conflict," he said adding that his meeting with Arafat was part of continuing Swedish-PLO dialogue and a continuation of Stockholm's contribution to efforts for peace in the Middle

The summit was held in an

atmosphere of crisis brought on

by the collapse of the ceasefire

which Savimbi and Angola's lead-

er Jose Eduardo dos Santos

agreed to in the Zairean city of

Gbadolite. The rivals shook

hands there for the first time to

seal a truce accord but did not

The United States over the

weekend reiterated its support

for Savimbi but a State Depart-

agree to it in writing.

They also reviewed the situation between Iraq and Iran and

KINSHSA (R) — Eight African

heads of state seeking an end to Angola's 15-year civil war have

drawn up a declaration which

they hope rebel leader Jonas Savimbi will accept, official

But Savimbi, who heads the

rightist UNITA rebels backed by

South Africa and the United

States, declined to attend Mon-

day's one-day peace summit in

collapsed ceasefire agreed in June

but details of the declaration

Kaunda deplored Savimbi's abs-

Sese Seko) invited him but he did

not come," Kaunda, one of Afri-

ca's elder statesmen, told a news

conference before leaving Zaire.

directed to Savimbi himself the

summit did not meet with any

Valentin and several other offi-

cials of Savimbi's National Union

for the Total Independence of

Angola (UNITA) were outside

the summit locale — Mobutu's

yacht berthed about 50

kilometres from the capital Kin-

shasa -- but were not invited

Information spokesman Jorge

other representative."

aboard.

"Given that the invitation was

were not divulged.

The summit hoped to revive a

Zambia's President Kenneth

"(Zairean President Mobutu

sources said.

Angolan summit wants

Savimbi to sign peace plan

Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor and King Carl Gustaf and Queen Silvia Tuesday visit the Shomari wildlife reserve (Petra photo)

Ibrahimi optimistic over Lebanon despite fighting

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Arab League envoy Lakhdar Al Ibrahimi said Tuesday he was optimistic about the prospects for peace in Lebanon despite continued fighting between rival forces.

Also Tuesday, a small bomb exploded outside the offices of American Express in east Beirut. The building suffered some damage, but no casualties were re-

Police said two people were killed and seven wounded in rocket and artillery exchanges between army troops loyal to army commander Michel Aoun and Synan troops and allies along Beirur's dividing green line and in

hills above the capital. Rescue workers also retrieved three more bodies from under the rubble of a seven-storey apartment building, demolished in concentrated shelling of the slum

of Haret Hreik Monday. The new casualties raised the overall toll to 926 killed and 2,720

revived Arab efforts AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan Tuesday welcomed a decision by the

Jordan welcomes

Arab League to revive the mission of a tripartite committee seeking an end to the conflict in Lebanon and said that there was urgent need to put an end to the long years of bloodshed and to enable Lebanon to exercise sovereignty on all its territory.

A Foreign Ministry statement said Jordan welcomes the

resumption of the tripartite committee's mission, which was originally initiated by the Casablanca Arab summit meeting held in May to end the crisis in Lebanon.

"Jordan supports the committee's revived task out of its belief -Arab action and its keenness to s Arab countries and to preserve Arab rights and lands," the statement said. "It is time that the Arabs took the initiative to end the ordeal in Lebanon and to end the devastation that has been going on for years," it added.

and seven people have been

No one claimed the attack

against American Express, the

first incident involving a U.S.

target since relations with the

rightists soared earlier this

Aoun consulted other Christ-

ian leaders Tuesday to decide if

he could accept an Arab League

peace plan designed to end Leba-

The plan would impose an im-

The newspaper Al-Diyar,

based in east Beirut, said Aoun

met Samir Geagea, chief of the

hardline Lebanese Forces militia,

and sent an envoy to Patriarch Boutros Sfeir, spiritual leader of the Maronite Christians.

Sources close to Aoun said it

might be a week before the

Christians agreed on a response

to the peace plan, which would

also reform the Christian-domin-

But Ibrahimi, who also met

Aoun, said he expected the

general to give him his official

ated political system.

non's 14 years of civil war.

mediate ceasefire.

daughter were wounded.

wounded since fighting erupted between Aoun's troops and Syrian forces March 8.

wounded in the collapse of the Three other bodies had been

Mokdad building. Four of the dead belonged to dag out from beneath the debris the same family — a father and his three sons. The wife and the

NICOSIA (R) - The Arab League committee charged with settling Lebanon's 14-year civil war has proposed a "national reconciliation char-

ment spokeswoman Monday ter" for Lebanon. noted his absence from the sum-Following are main points of mit and said Washington urged the proposed charter released late Monday through the offiall parties to take part. Angola, at a previous summit cial Saudi Press Agency (SPA)

in Harare in August with Savimbi again absent, won backing for its interpretation that the Gbadolite accord called for Savimbi to go into exile and for rebels to be integrated into Angola's ruling

. Savimbi says he never agreed. to exile and the U.S. State Department spokeswoman said Washington does not accept conditions of "exile, amnesty or integration" for UNITA and

Savimbi as defined by dos Santos. The heads of state of Gabon, Angola, Zambia, Zaire, Zimbabwe, Congo, Mozambique and Sao Tome and principle plan to hold another meeting in Gabon's capital Libreville at a date to be Main points of the Arab plan

tling them within a year.

return home. Executive power to lie with the prime minister, rather than the president as at pre-

— The allocation of top political, civil service and military jobs to be abolished. The present unwritten system carves up top jobs between the various

religious groups.

— The number of seats in parliament to be increased to 128 from the present 99, to be split equally between Christians and Muslims, Christians have a majority under the present system.

— Disarming all militias within six months of forming a

"national reconciliation government," which will imple ment the reforms, and disman-

— Allowing all refugees who have fled Christian or Muslimcontrolled areas since 1975 to

— Securing Israel's with-drawal from its so-called "security-zone" in South Lebanon under U.N. supervision and the deployment of the Lebanese army in the area. --- Syrian troops to remain in

Lebanon for up to two years to help the new government ex-tend its authority over the whole of Lebanon. The twoyear period to start once the reforms are in place and a new government and president are

- Syrian troops to be redeployed after this two-year period in the eastern Bekan Valley under an agreement with the new government on the size and duration of their

Al Hussein, King Gustaf open electricity centre

second day of his visit to Jordan, King Carl Gustaf of Sweden joined His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday in inaugurating a national electricity control centre set up by the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA).

The centre, which cost JD 5.6 million provided through a Swedish government grant and loans from Swedish banks, was carried out by a Swedish firm which began work on the project in 1986. The JEA took part in the project's design and technical aspects at all stages and provided part of the cost.

King Gustaf cut the tape and together with King Hussein toured the various sections and listened to a briefing on their functions by JEA engineers and

The centre is supposed to con-

trol operations by various generating and distribution units through the national grid around the clock, the king was told. King Gustaf remarked that JEA engineers ought to take extra care to avoid any wastage of generated power in course of supplying power to the subscribers. To do this, he added, one

has to have an excellent know-

ledge of the electric system in

operation and the potential of the

national grid. King Gustaf said the national grid in Sweden extends for about 1.700 kilometres from the north to the south of the country, and is being operated by a similar con-trol centre. He also noted that the

Norway were connected in 1915 in order to facilitate the exchange of electric power in Scandinavian

King Gustaf voiced satisfaction with Jordanian-Swedish cooperation in electric power and noted that an international seminar on electric interconnection among Arab countries which opened here Tuesday was attended by Swedish experts and scholars. The seminar, he noted is bound to help transfer Sweden's electric power expertise to the Arab World.

King Gustaf later called at the Royal Scientific society (RSS) and opened a new Environmental Research Centre (ERC), which will be concerned with providing directives and means for the protection of water, air and soil from

The new centre will conduct investigations aand carry out studies to develop water and wastewater reuse methods suitable for Jordan and to establish scientific and technical cooperation links with regional and international organisations in the field of environmental research.

The ERC is also charged with carrying out research programmes on the environment in Jordan, providing consultancy ser-vices dealing with dangerous chemical substances related to the environment and following up research studies in these fields. A briefing on the RSS operations was presented by its Presithat technical assistance received in terms of equipment, training and experts has accelerated the transfer of know-how to the RSS to enable it to serve the industrial development of Jordan.

King Gustaf and the accompanying delegation also visited the tomb of the late King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, founder of the Hashemite Kingdom, and laid a wreath on the tomb.

Later the Swedish monarch paid a visit to the Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) where he was received by Minister of Water and Irrigation Mohammad Saleh Kilani and JVA President Mohammad Bani, Hani who both briefed him on the water and irrigation projects carried out in the valley and the services offered to citizens in the valley in order to improve their living conditions. He was also received by Balqa Governor and senior government officials.

King Gustaf was accompanied on his visits by Chief Chamber-lain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid.

Later Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor accompanied by the Swedish king and Queen Silvia on a visit to the Shomari wildlife preserve near

King Hussein and Queen Noor attended a recention hosted by King Gustaf and Queen Silvia in Amman Sunday evening. The reception was also attended by royal family members and senior

Israelis let Palestinian die of diabetes in prison

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) - A Palestinian prisoner died from diabetes in Israel's Ketziot desert prison camp although his jailors knew he was too ill to be held in such extreme conditions, a doctor who treated him says.

Dr. Omar Firwanah, a fellow prisoner, said Mohammad Saleh Arifi, 57, died Aug. 10, two weeks after returning from an Israeli hospital where he was taken semi-conscious following a

diabetic fit in prison. The Israeli army said at the time that Arifi, from Gaza, died of natural causes and made no reference to his chronic illness. Firwanah, a British-trained physician released from detention this month, said he told prison

authorities Arifi had diabtes and dangerously high blood pressure and was too sick to be in jail. "A man of his age with all

these diseases should have been in a hospital, not in a prison, Firwanah told Reuters in an in-

A forest fire raged out of control in a park south of Haifa. Israel radio said the blaze was probably started deliberately.

At least nine people were injured and thousands were evacuated as flames neared agricultural settlement and Haifa University campus. Palestinian nationalists have

caused damage worth millions of dollars by setting fire to Israeli woods and farmland during the Elsewhere in the West Bank,

soldiers opened fire on stonethrowing Palestinians in the village of Tubas. Villagers said several Arabs were beaten and arrested.

Four Palestinians from Jenin were wounded in demonstrations Monday night, residents said. Soldiers arrested several people and placed the town under

In the occupied Gaza Strip, hospital officials said Israeli a cut on his head.

troops shot and wounded 10 Palestinians overnight, eight with live ammunition and two with metal bullets. The army said it was checking

the reports. Meanwhile, two brothers suspected of collaborating with Israel went on a beating and stabbing rampage in Beit Sahour

known as a stronghold of the Palestinian uprising, witnesses said Tuesday. The incident, set off when the house of one brother was stoned

by masked youths, reflects the growing tension between the youthful enforcers of the 21month uprising and Palestinians accused to cooperation with

Among the victim's in the Monday night rampage was the town's mayor, Hanna Al Atrash, who reportedly was pulled from his car and held hostage for an hour. He was hospitalised Tuesday in Jerusalem with bruises and

Shamir, Rabin meet amid reported 'coalition crisis'

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin held a private, hour-long meeting Tuesday but gave no sign they settled a cabinet dispute about Egypt's proposal to sponsor Israeli-Palestinian peace talks. Shamir refused to give details

about his meeting with Rabin, who briefed the premier on his Monday talks in Cairo with President Hosni Mubarak. "I won't speak about the conversation, but differences of opin-

ion exist," Shamir said to repor-ters later. "The question is how to overcome them, if at all." He said reporters should take note of his statement Monday night that he could-not maintain

his governing coalition "at any Israeti newspapers, meanwhile,

reported that leaders of the Labour Party of Vice Premier Shimon Peres were negotiating secretly with smaller religious parties to try to form a narrow governing coalition if the cabinet

The controversy between the coalition partners, Likud and Labour, centres on right-wing opposition to Mubarak's 10-point proposal for breaking a stalemate

in Middle East peace efforts. Shamir is also concerned about Rabin's remarks at a Cairo news conference Monday, which hinted at official recognition of an indirect Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) role in the peace process, Israeli radio stations reported.

Summing up his talks with Mubarak, Rabin said that Israel agreed to Egypt arranging an Israeli-Palestinian meeting. Egypt could put together the Palestinian delegation "after coordinating with various elements... including Israel," Rabin

Palestinian leaders interpreted Rabin's remarks as consent to Egypt's suggestion to include Arabs expelled by Israel from the occupied territories as negotiators, which would be a compromise between Israeli and PLO demands.

"When Mr. Rabin announced himself that Egypt will announce the names of the Palestinian delegates, that means there's an agreement in principle... which is very important," Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij said on Israel

Earlier this week Freij became the first Palestinian in the occu-

pied territories to publicly announce meeting PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, despite an Israeli law banning such contacts. Shamir did not respond to directly Rabin's remarks, except to hint that his fractious governing coalition, put together last December, was in trouble. "I personally would like to see

the coalition remain, but I must say that unity is not worth any price," he said Monday night. Shamir also is under heavy pressure from Likud bardliners who oppose Egypt's plan, primarily because it urges Israel to

accept the principle of trading territory for peace. Before even starting negotiations we re already conceding. Israel will end up not at the 1967 borders but at the 1947 lines,"

Industry Minister Ariel Sharon said, referring to the U.N. partition plan of 42 years ago which envisaged an Israel about a third of its present size. Foreign Minister Moshe Arens

spoke played down the crisis and expressed hopes a government breakup could be avoided. "We have coalition crises here an average of about once a month, so we need another crisis today," Arens

Soviet congress brought forward to speed up reforms

MOSCOW (AP) --- The Communist Party's leadership, meeting Tuesday in an attempt to cool ethnic tensions across the Soviet Union, moved up the party's next congress to October 1990, giving President Mikhail S. Gorbachev his best chance yet to transform the

The Central Committee of 5,000 delegates began meeting to discuss ethnic tensions that stretch from the Baltic coast to the Chinese border, TASS news agency said. The Central Committee is the party's policymaking body.

But the first thing it did was move up the party congress, usually held every five years. The last one — the party's 27th was held in February 1986, less than a year after Gorbachev took power. By party regulations, the next congress would not have had to take place before early 1991.

The congress, theoretically, is the 20-million-member partv's most important gathering that outlines policy and determines membership of the Central Committee and ruling politburo. It historically has reviewed the leadership's fiveyear economic plans.

"The decision to convene the congress at an earlier date is dictated by the need to thoroughly update the party itself, with regard for its new role as the political vanguard of society during the state of restructuring," Gorbachev tral Committee. Gorbachev told the Cen-

He said the need to renew the party reached the Central Committee, itself. Gorbachev expressed concern that the party is lagging behind the political reforms he has set in motion, including shifting more political power to elected government bodies.

"Real life, the reconstruction forces are going at such a rhythm that we often cannot catch up with them," the 58year-old party chief and Soviet president told the Central Com-

He said many party organisations were slow to grasp the need for change, and "in this, we lose a great deal."

We cannot leave things as they are, especially since fundamental economic and social processes are unfolding and an ideological and political struggle is under way over key problems of social development," Gorbachev said.

Some party stalwarts have

said they fear the Communist Party - enshrined by the Soviet constitution as the country's "leading force" - is losing its grip on power as the legislature strengthens under Gorbachev's political reforms and frustrated citizens start taking local power into their own hands.

In a sign of frustration with top party bureaucrats, many of them, including a politburo candidate member, were defeated in March when they ran in the country's first contested legislative elections in more than seven decades.

Gorbachev said in July the key question for the Communist Party was renewing and improving its personnel. Changes must be made all the way up to the politburo, he said, and suggested the party congress be Convening in the Kremlin, the Central Committee set an agenda for the congress that includes a report on the progress of Gorbachev's economic, social and political reforms.

consideration of party rules and

electing new governing bodies

of the party. Two soldiers were killed in an exchange of gunfire when they tried to disperse crowds near the border of the disputed Azerbaijani territory of Nagorno-Karabakh, an official spokesman said Tuesday.

Interior Ministry spokesman

Yuri Arshenyevsky told a news conference that two soldiers from an Interior Ministry security force were killed on Monday evening in the Agdam district near the border of Nagorno-Karabakh.

Arab League sees Nov. 22 as target for Lebanon peace pact

UNITED NATIONS (R) — An Arab League envoy has said that Lebanon's civil war was on the brink of resolution and there were hopes agreement could be reached by Nov. 22. the country's Independence

Elaborating on Arab proposals announced at the weekend to end the 14-year-old war, the Arab League ambassador to the United Nations, Clovis Maksoud, told a news conference.

The situation in Lebanon at this moment is, I can say, on the brink of resolution. We hope by the time of independence day we would have fulfilled all talks... that is the target date." He said Nov. 22 might be

"partly wishful thinking but it is a

He said it was hoped by then a ceasefire would be completely in force, a new president would

By John Fullerton

CAIRO — Egypt has once again emerged as the centre of Middle

East diplomacy, with Israeli and

Palestinian leaders shuttling to

and fro to press their views on

how to achieve peace in the re-

Israeli conflict, Egyptian Presi-

dent Hosni Muharak and Israeli

Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin,

met in private for two hours in Cairo Monday and said they

agreed on a need for Israeli-

Palestinian leader Yasser Ara-

fat, who seldom broadcasts his

travel plans for security reasons,

was expected in Cairo for his

third round of talks with Mubar-

ak in eight days, Egyptian offi-

Palestinian dialogue.

Two old foes in the Arab-

have been elected and a government of national resconstruction ensured.

Maksoud was asked about Lebanese Christian leader General Michel Aoun, who has demanded written guarantees that Syria would withdraw its troops from Lebanon as his condition for accepting the plan proposed by an Arab League committee comprising Algeria, Morocco and Saudi Arabia.

The ambassador said Aoun made his statement before weekend discussions with Arab League mediators on the gradual

Mubarak, a former air force

commander, stressed after meet-

ing Rabin, a former armed forces

chief of staff, that more negotia-

tions were needed on the makeup

of a Palestinian delegation for

Mubarak, seen as a mere care-

taker when he succeeded assas-

sinated President Anwar Sadat in

1981, has now pushed Egypt to

the forefront of peace efforts in

Egypt was formally readmitted to Arab ranks last May after a

10-year split caused by Sadat's 1979 treaty with Israel.

ing Mubarak to talk directly to

'Israel and its main backer, the

United States, while maintaining

close ties with Arafat and his

The pact remains intact, allow-

cials told reporters.

talks with Israel.

the region.

Egypt again heads Mideast diplomacy

redeployment of Syrian troops, which is to be written into a final

The Arab League is the ultimate guarantor of all commit-ments and I think all parties involved, including General Aoun have enough confidence to accept them," he said. "There are lingering pockets of resistance but they are isolated."

On the question of whether Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat would address the United Nations this year, Maksoud said he did not know if Arafat had made a decision yet.

"But if he decides to come, we hope the United States, following the experience they had last year, would grant the visa as a matter of course without giving any heed to the Israeli lobby and their friends," he said.

Mubarak himself has become

chairman of the Organisation of

African Unity (OĂU), a key

member of the Non-Aligned

Movement and self-appointed

spokesman on third world debt

Rabin said Egypt would

announce the identity of Palesti-

nian delegates to any direct peace

spoke for his cabinet colleagues.

His visit to Cairo had already

widened a split in Israel's coali-

tion government between the

dovish Labour Party and the haw-

Israelis wanted only Palestinans

from the Israeli-ruled West Bank

and Gaza Strip to take part in

Rabin cautioned that some

But it was not clear how far he

talks with Israel in Cairo.

kish Likud Bloc.

After his talks with Mubarak,

After Arafat was refused a visa

by the United States, the U.N. General Assembly moved its session to Geneva last December. "If the visa is not granted, of

course we would want to go back

to Geneva," Maksoud said. Security Council members said the 15-member body was considering issuing a statement supporting efforts by the three-nation Arab committee on its efforts to bring peace to

"Hopefully we will be able to do that by tomorrow." Council President Paulo Nogueira-Batista of Brazil told reporters Monday after consultations with Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

"But this is a very complex and delicate question and we wish to proceed in a very careful way, prudently, so as to achieve maximum acceptance of what we may have to say," he added.



A man reads a newspaper in front of a shell-pocked wall of the Saudi Arabian embassy in west Beirut. The embassy was hit by at least seven shells during the battles between Syrian and Falangist forces.

sed to journalists that his controversial 10 points submitted to Israel on possible elections in the occupied territories were not con-

The Egyptian leader also stres-

from outside should also be in-

Instead, he said, they formed questions designed to clarify for Palestinians what would be achieved if the elections proposed

by Israel were held. Rabin, who later left Egypt after touring the Pyramids and laying a wreath on Sadat's grave, was followed into Cairo by Chinese Foreign Minister Qian

Qian said on arrival from Jordan that China, a permanent member of the U.N. Security Council, wanted to help to secure talks. Mubarak said Palestinians peace in the Middle East.

Rafsanjani ready to expand Iran-Gulf ties

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) - President Hashemi Rafsanjani of Iran Tuesday stressed his country's willingness to expand its relations with Gulf Arab nations, the Islamic News Agency (IRNA) re-

The agency said Rafsanjani made the comment at a meeting in Tehran with the newly appointed Iranian ambassador to the United Arab Emirates, Mohammad Ali Hadi Najafa-

The federation of emirates is a nian merchants and also home for many expatriate Iranian traders.

The Iranian news agency, monitored in Cyprus, quoted Rafsanjani as emphasising Iran's willingness to further expand its relations with Muslim and neighbouring countries. It gave no direct

Rafsanjani expressed the hope that Najafabadi, who enjoys what the agency called an "outstanding" revolutionary background, would work for improvement of ties and promotion of security in

He was quoted as saying that the apointment of such a personality to the post was indicative of the importance Iran attaches to

the southern Gulf littoral states. Najafabadi, appointed to the UAE post last week, holds a degree in theology and a Master's degree in international affairs. the agency said. He has served as a member of Iran's Majlis, or parliament, and was head of its Foreign Relations Committee.

Iran also has appointed an a sharp improvement in relations following the Gulf war, when Knwaiti coastal facilities were hit by Iranian missiles.

Rafsaniani has been working to improve his relations with the pro-Western Gulf states, including Saudi Arabia, although any bettering of ties with Riyadh faces major obstacles.

Relations between Iran and the Arab oil giant fell to their lowest point two years ago when more than 400 pilgrims, most of them Iranian, were killed in riots in the Muslim holy city of Mecca.

Ties with France

Meanwhile the English language Tehran Times said in an editorial Tuesday that an improvement in relations between Iran and France should not be upset by "temporary political "Expansion of ties with Iran

must not become a partisan battle or a means for resolving internal power struggles," the paper said.
It said, without elaborating, that several past attempts at imof power struggles in France. It also urged political factions in Iran not to create problems for

been "carefully studied." The editorial, quoted by the Islamic Republic News Agency, was printed during a visit to the Iranian capital by Francois Scheer, director-general of the French Foreign Ministry.

officials over issues that have

The Tehran Times, which is aligned with the "pragmatist" faction of Rafsanjani, said relations between France and Iran should be based on "strategic

goals" of the two countries.

France could become an "indispensable partner" of Iran because of its technical and scientific capabilities, especially in atomic energy, heavy industries and commerce, the newspaper said.

Now that the two countries were working to improve relations, the process should not be subject to "temporary political bubbles," the newspaper said.

The pragmatists in Iran have

been working for a rapprochement with France and other Western countries as a means of pulling Iran out of its isolation. They are opposed by radicals who are devoted to an Islamic revolutionary line.

On Monday, IRNA reported that Scheer agreed with Iranian officials on a speedup in efforts to solve a financial dispute between the two countries.

Relations between Paris and Tehran have been soured by the issue of a \$1 billion loan made by Iran to France under the late Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi, and not repaid to date.

Israel hopes Hungary is 1st step to East Bloc ties

TEL AVIV (R) — Hungary's restoration of full diplomatic relations has raised Israel's hopes that other East European countries will also decide to reestablish links after a break of two decades.

Foreign Minister Moshe Arens, on a lightning four-hour trip to Budapest, signed a di-plomatic accord Monday that capped years of efforts by the Jewish state.

He called it an historic day and looked toward the upgrading of diplomatic relations in other East Bloc states, including the Soviet

"I think it stands to reason that the moves taken by the Hungarian government will make an impression on other Eastern Bloc countries," Arens told reporters on returning to Israel.

The restoration of full ties with Budapest came two years after the countries first agreed to the intermediate step of exchanging interest sections. Israel also has an interest sec-

tion in Poland. But hopes for an early exchange of ambassadors

Union, which severed ties over have been complicated by a dispute over a Roman Catholic conthe 1967 Middle East war. vent that Jews want removed from the site of the former An-

> schwitz Nazi death camp. Israel's ultimate target is restoration of ties with the Moscow, which orchestrated the 1967 break. East Germany never had diplomatic ties with Israel and Romania did not break links.

> > USEFU

Dr. Abdul R

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Al Asema ph Nairoukh pha

Al Salam pha Yacoub phan

The Soviet Union and Israel exchanged consular delegations more than a year ago under the guise of examining property claims in each other's country. Israel's desire for relations with

Eastern Europe is fired by economic, political and cultural needs.

Many Israelis trace their roots to the Jewish communities of Eastern Europe. Some 100,000 Jews live in Hungary, the second largest Jewish community in the region after the Soviet Union. and Israelis hope it could be another source of immigrants.

Politically, Israel would like the legitimacy that comes from wider recognition by both Eastern and Western powers. It has often felt it faced an automatic hostile majority in world bodies, such as the United Nations.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Chinese foreign minister meets Mubarak

CAIRO (AP) — China's foreign minister told President Hosni Mubarak Tuesday that the situationin China has stabilised after the anti-government student turmoil of early summer. Qian Qichen, who arrived Monday for a three-day official visit, also told reporters he delivered to Mubarak a message from Chinese President Yang Shangkun. The minister did not disclose the contents. Qian briefed reporters after speaking with Mubarak at the presidential office. He spoke in Chinese through an Arabic interpreter. "I informed President Mubarak about conditions in China at the political and economic level (and told him) the situation has become stable," Qian said without giving details. The Chinese diplomat is on a four-nation tour of Arab countries that began in Jordan. He travels to Tunisia and Syria after the Egypt visit. Qian said Mubarak briefed him on the latest developments in Arab-Israeli peace efforts.

Japan to give aid to ICRC in Lebanon

TOKYO (R) — Japan will give \$1 million in emergency aid to the victims in Lebanon, the Foreign Ministry said Tuesday. Japan has already forwarded 30 million yen (about \$200,000) to the ICRC this year in response to its appeal. "The government of Japan expresses anew its strong expectation that the fighting will be brought to an end quickly through the utmost restraint of those concerned," a ministry statement said.

Bulgarian Turks leaving Turkey

ISTANBUL (AP) — The arrivals of ethnic Turkish emigrants from Bulgaria has gone down to a trickle in recent weeks while a reverse exodus has begun of emigrants returning home, Turkish officials said Monday. Police and border officials in Edirne said 18,000 have crossed back into Bulgaria so far and 500 are returning daily. The ethnic Turks began going back to Bulgaria after the Turkish government started requiring visas from the emigrants Aug. 22 to stop the iflux. Those returning cite separation from family members left behind and difficulty of finding jobs

Turkish Cypriot court frees fishermen

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) - A Turkish Cypriot court released on bail two Greek Cypriot and a Lebanese fishermen Monday, four days after they were arrested on charges of violating Turkish Cypriot waters. The court fined the fishermen 600,000 Turkish liras (\$300). The fishermen were identified as Greek Cypriots Evangalu Kosta and Kristaki Kosta, and Lebanese Antonis Mabruk. They were convicted of violating what Turkish Cyprus considers its territorial waters, near the port city of Kyrenia. The fishermen said they came close to Kyrenia unintentionally when the engine of their boat broke down. The fishermen asked permission from the court to stay in the northern part of the divided island until their boat was repaired. The request was

Radio stations are life-savers for Lebanese

By Rima Salameh The Associated Press

sour could hear the crump of Lebanon every day." exploding artillery shells as he which neighbourhoods were being hit by the Falangist guns, The Falangist Voice of Leba-non reported that the Syrians,

firing from mainly Muslim west Beirut where Mansour lives, were hitting the Ashrafiyeh district in east Beinut.

That was enough for Mansour. daughters. They ran down the radio telephone. stairs to shelter in the basement

clerk has learned in six months of artillery battles between the Syrians and Falangists that when Ashrafiyeh gets hit, the Falangists respond by shelling Verdun.
"Thank God for the radios." Mansour said as he settled the

family in the shelter. "They're our lifeline, our companion. "If it wasn't for them, we wouldn't know what was going on. We couldn't get by without

For Beirutis, radios are as important for survival as their basement bunkers. Everyone keeps their radios on all the time, waiting for the flashes that will send

them to their bunkers. Beirut has five radio stations that are either for Falangist or for

the opposition. Many families use four or five transistor radios tuned to different stations for news of the fighting, in which more than 900 people have been killed and more than 2,700 wounded since March

Beirnt's stations also broadcast survival tips such as how to minimise the effect of shrapnel or how to keep children amused in the

long hours in the bunker.

During heavy shelling, the radios drop their regular prog-rammes of music, comedy shows and dramas to broadcast messages from Beirutis to families and friends to assure them they're

family in Verdun he is safe." an announcer said on the Voice of the People, run by the Lebanese Communist Party, as Mansour

Thank God he's alive."

Hanna Saleh, Voice of the People's general manager, said the station is a "link that connects BEIRUT (AP) — Yehya Man- thousands of families throughout

The Voice of Lebanon, run by flipped his radio from one station the Falange Party, has a big to another, trying to get a fix on audience in the Arab World and Western Europe for its daily "remnion of the beloved" programme in which Lebanese send tape-recorded messages to relatives abroad to let them know they're alive and well.

But reporters risk their lives to hop from one stricken district to another to feed on-the-spot re-He and his wife grabbed their two ports back to their stations by

"I feel I'm providing a humaof their apartment block in west nitarian service," said Nafiz Kaw-Beirut's Verdun neighbourbood, was, a Sunni Muslim reporter Mansour, a 42-year-old bank with the Voice of the Nation. People depend on me to know ka what's happening.

Some of the radio stations have gone underground themselves to escape the shelling. It's a measure of the intensity of the bombardment that they didn't feel the need to do that before in Lebanon's 14-year-old civil war.

The 12-storey Voice of Lebs non building has taken six direct hits. Voice of the Nation's eightfloor building has been hit once. The state-run Beirut Radio has been hit several times. Only the Voice of the People and the Voice of Free Lebanon, run by the Falangist Lebanese Forces militia, have escaped unscathed.

Voice of Lebanon, its main

eighth-floor studios badly exposed to Syrian shellfire, has set up a sandbagged "emergency newsroom" on the less vulnerable Voice of the Nation has set up

a newsroom, control room, workshop and library in the basement of its building.
Like the other stations, it has also set up living quarters for its staff, so they can stay at the

station for days on end during

heavy periods of bombardment. "We can take up to 40 people at a time," said Mohammad Mashnouk, who heads the committee that runs the station. "We've got mattresses, refrigerators, water and food in the base-

"Salami Abul Mouna is trapmed in his office. He assures his from the Makkassed hospital nearby. A van shuttles back and forth with nice hot meals. The station has adapted its

work schedules because of the shelling so that teams of person-"That's our son," Mansour's nel work "one week in, one week wife Munita shouted with joy. out," Mashnouk noted.

"Many of our people have That night, the Voice of the taken their families out of Beirut People, read out hundreds of for safety and this was the most messages from Beirutis for four convenient solution so that they



An old woman passes by a shell-pocked building in west Beirut.

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE

<u> </u>	Programme review
15:45	Children's programmes
17:00	Alph Educational programme News summary in Arabic
17:30	Educational programme
19-66	News summary in Arabic
10.65	Cairo News Message
40.35	Local programme
18625	Local programme
19:20	Local programme
19:40	Programme review News in Arabic
20:00	,, News ID Arabic
20:30	Arabic series
21.40	Local programme
22:25	Wrestling
23:10	Varieties programme
•	
PROGR/	MME TWO
19-10	Des Chiffres Et de Letters
12.70	Des Chiffres Et de Letters
10.48	News in French
10-15	Documentary
197,13	Name in Mahana
17:39	News in Hebrew
28:00	News in Arabic
29:39	You can't take it with you
23:18	Doc. "Battle Line"
	News in English

· PRAYER TIMES	Macaroney.
\$5:00 Fair (Suarise) Duha 12:29 Dhuhr 15:38 As Maghrob	It will be relatively hot and dry winds will be southwesterly mod causing dust in desert areas. In Ac it will be dusty with northerly mo ate wind and calm seas.

CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifleh Tel. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, Tel 632785.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Ammunication Tel
637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366
Church of the Annunciation Tel 623541.
Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543.
Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331.
Armenian Orthodox Church Tel.
St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amunan International Church Tel. 685326.
Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295.
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter- Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be relatively hot and dry and	
winds will be southwesterly moderate	
ausing dust in desert areas. In Agaba,	
t will be dusty with northerly moder-	
ate wind and calm seas.	
no when and the same.	

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

high temperatures: Am- ba 40. Humidity readings:	EMERGENCIES
per cent, Aqaba 26 per	Civil Defence Department 66111 Civil Defence Immediate
IL TELEPHONE IUMBERS IGHT DUTY	Rescue
ahman Jabr	Hotel Complaints 60580 Price Complaints 66117 Water and Sewerage Complaints 89746 Amman Municipality Complaints 78711 Telephone Information (directory assistance) 12 Overseas Calls 01023 Central Amman Telephone Repairs 62310 Abdali Telephone Repairs 66110 Jordan Television 77311
l Najjar (—) Iarmacy (985238)	Radio Jordan 7/311 Radio Jordan 7/41 1 Water Anthority 68010 Jordan Electricity Authority 81561

Com RJ Flig Queen
AMBA

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Electric Power FOR THE TRAVELLER 08-53200 **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT HOSPITALS

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (R.

11:15 Chicago, New York, Vienna (RI)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Dubai (AZ)

Baghdad (IA) Baghdad (IA) Baghdad (IA) Baghdad (IA) Cairo (MS) Cairo (MS) Rowait (KU) Leddah (SV) Riyadh (add.) (RJ) Baghdad (RJ) Baghdad (RJ) Baghdad (RJ) Baghdad (RJ) Baghdad (RJ) Baghdad (IA) Bagh	:00	Benghazi (LN)
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:30 Riyadh (add.) (RU): :85 Tripoli (PK) :28 Paris, Damascus (AF)	:38	Kowait (KU)
:25 Tripoli (PK)	:25	Jeddah (SV)
:85	:30	Riyadh (add.) (RJ):
:28 Paris, Damascus (AF) :55 Frankfurt (LH)	:85	Tripoli (PK)
(LH)	:20	Paris, Damascus (AF)
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Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flight (Terminal 1)	ļ
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14:00		Baghdad	Œ
14:05			M
14:15	J	Baghdad Cairo (cddah, Sana'a	(I)

MARKET PRICE	CES
Upperflower price in fi	is per kg.
pple (golden) pple (red)	540 / 480 600 / 550 400 / 350
insna (Mukammar)	350 / 300
ibbage	208 / 150 270 / 200
cumbers (large)	250 / 200 350 / 300
eniant	200 / 150 400 / 350 900 / 800
**************************************	200 / 200

Circumbers (large)	250 / 200
Cocumbers (small)	350 / 300
Eggplant	200 / 150
Fig.	400 / 350
Fig	900 / 800
Grapes (red)	
Olabo manamananananananananananananananananan	300 / 250
Grapes (red)	300 / 250
Guava	400 / 350
Lemon	230 / 180
Mallow	
Manney Onesal	
Marrow (large)	200 / 150
Marrow (Heres) WOTTEM	420 / 380
OKT2	640 / 568
Omoo (dry)	250 / 200
Pepper (bot)	180 / 140
Dartes Grand	180 / 140
Pepper (sweet)	
Pomegranate	380 / 300
Poteto	400 / 350
Sweet Melon	320 / 250
Squash	400 / 350
	700

Saudi envoy praises relations with Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — Saudi Ara- countries in a number of fields; bia's ambassador to Jordan Tuesday lauded the strong brotherly ties between his country and Jordan and said that bilateral ties are based on mutual respect and the strong belief of common distiny. Mohammad Al Fahd Al Issa

said in a statement to Petra:
"Thanks to the efforts and lead-"Thanks to the efforts and leaderships of Their Majesties King · Hussein and King Fahd, bilateral relations are exemplary and are continually progressing."

The ambassador made the

statement on the eve of his conntry's National Day anniversary which falls on Sept. 23.

. He noted that Saudi Arabia and Jordan are linked through a number of agreements designed - to serve the peoples of the two

and added that Amman and Riyadh maintain full coordination of policies at the highest level with regard to all current Arab

The ambassador paid tribute to Jordan's pan-Arab stands and said: "Jordan has been exerting all its efforts to protect the longest confrontation line with the common enemy and serving all Arab causes in general and the

Palestine cause in particular."
Referring to the Jordanian manpower employed in Saudi Arabia, the ambassador said Jordanians are rendering a real service to Saudi Arabia, and they enjoy deep respect from the Saudi government and the

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

SHARIF ZAID RECEIVES ENVOYS: Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker Tuesday received in two separate meetings the ambassadors of Belgium and Switzerland who both called on his office to bid farewell to him on the end of their tour of duty in Jordan. (Petra)

ASSAD MEETS ENVOYS: Higher Education Minister Nassereddin Al Assad Tuesday received in two separate meetings the Ambassador of Syria and East Germany and discussed with them means of enhancing cooperation in the fields of education and culture and broadening the base of admission at their countries' universities. Meanwhile in Damascus, Syrian Higher Education Minister Kamal Sharaf reviewed with Jordan's ambassador to Syria Navef Al Hadid bilateral relations and scopes of cooperation in the higher education, with main focus on admission of Jordanian students at the Syrian

JORDAN INTERLINE CLUB WINS AWARDS: In the 22nd annual general assembly of the World Airlines Clubs Association that took place in Delhi, India, between Sept. 3-9, 1989, Jordan Interline Club received two awards out of seven. The first award was for "Best Interline Club for 1989 for the Near East and Africa Region" and the second for "The Best International Interline Event for 1989" among 90 clubs around the world. (J.T.)

ACC group urges campaigns to stem diseases in animals

BAGHDAD (Petra) - A com- cerned parties to exchange inmittee entrusted with supervising livestock health and production in the four Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) countries has re-commended widescale campaigns to be conducted in the four coun-. tries to stem infectious diseases

The committee's recommendation, which came in a statement -ed experts from the four ACC at the end of a meeting held here, states, decided to set up a work also called on concerned parties to conduct a feasibility study to set up a joint veterinary drug medicines to the four countries: Egypt, Jordan, North Yemen and

The committee also urged con-

formation and expertise in matters related to the treatment of animals, to chart a coordination plan for producing vaccines and to coordinate work among veter-ninary institutions in the ACC

The committee which compristeam to supervise coordination in these matters and to facilitate the flow of information and expertise

The work team will organise periodic meetings and follow up the implementation of agree-

Jordan, Italy sign programme to implement agreement

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and tion in documentation, archives, Italy Tuesday signed an executive programme for the implementation of a 1989-1991 cultural agreement which calls for cooperation. in the fields of education, arts, archaeology, science, sports, youth and informational.

Both sides agreed on increasing close cooperation in matters of concern to universities and institutes of higher learning in both countries and on exchanging visits by researchers and universi-

They agreed on setting up a joint committee to supervise the equivalence of certificates issued by Jordanian and Italian universines and to exchange teaching material, textbooks and scho-

Under the programme, the two

a de

ET PES

and library work, and to exchange publications on cultural and social life in the two coun-

Also under the programme, Italian and Jordanian archaeological teams will join together to conduct restoration work at the ancient Nabatean city of Petra, Madaba, Jerash, Shobak, Wadi Al Yabis and Muwaqqar.

In the higher education area, the two sides will exchange scientific research data and in the youth fields, they will cooperate in sports through youth organisa-tions it lively and Jordan.

The programme was signed by Ministry of Planning Secretary General Dr. Safwan Touqan and Italian Ambassador to Jordan sides pledge to increase coopera- Francesco De Curten.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

- **EXHIBITIONS** ☆ The Indian Trade Fair at the International Fair Centre, Marj Al Hamam. Open 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. for business visitors and 4
- p.m. to 8 p.m. for general public. ★ An art exhibition by Jordanian artist Omar Boom at Irbid's Young Women's Centre.
- ★ A photo exhibition, with video shows and booklets, on the history of the Monarchy in Sweden at the Royal Cultural
- * A photo exhibition by French artist Jean-Noel de Sove displaying photos projecting fashion accessories such as jewel-lery, caps, scarfs and belts, at the French Cultural Centre (the exhibition also displays slides on the history of fashion).

LECTURES

- \Rightarrow A lecture, in French, entitled "Nabateans in the middle of Jordan - Tannour and Darech archaeological sites" by Francois Villeneuve at the French Cultural Centre - 6:00 p.m.
- × A lecture, in Arabic, on Israeli atrocities in the occupied territories by Dr. Samir Khalil at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation — 6:30 p.m.
- \star A lecture, organised by Amideast, entitled "Standardised tests required by U.S. colleges and universities" at the American Сепtre — 3:00 р.ш.

MUSIC

☆ A Romence Recital by the Swedish Baritone Oile Persson, accompanied by pianist Mats Jansson at the Royal Cultural

Queen Silvia briefed on Jordan's centres for health, handicapped

By Hind-Lara Mango Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Jordanian-Swedish cooperation in health issues and care for the disabled and needy came into the focus Tuesday, the first full day of a state visit to Jordan by King Carl Gustaf and Queen Silvia of Sweden.

Accompanied by Her Majesty Queen Noor, the Swedish queen visited three institutions closely involved in health and social welfare affairs in Jordan — the Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF), the umbrella organisation for most social and welfare organisations in the Kingdom, the Institute for Child Health and Development, in Swelleh, and the Al Hussein Society for the Physically Handicapped.

requirements of modern technol-

ogy and science for develop-

ment Wednesday wind up a 20-

day tour of the country's research

and scientific centres and univer-

sities; and prepare for the second

round expected in the coming

According to a statement by

the EC office here, the two ex-perts from Germany, Professor W. Gocht and Dr. D. Hoerste,

visited the University of Jordan,

Yarmouk University, Jordan University of Science and Tech-

nology, the Royal Scientific Socie-

ty and the Higher Council of

They reviewed the imple-

mentation and the impact of the

BC assistance provided in the

past, especially the effectiveness

Science and Technology.

months.

At the NHF, Queen Silvia was briefed by Mrs. In'am Al Mufti, the foundation's director, on the activities and programmes it has undertaken with particular focus on the National Music Conservatory, which offers young Jordanians the opportunity to explore and develop their musical talents; the Theatre in Education programme, promoting dramatic arts in the Kingdom, and the Centre for Early Childhood Education, which seeks to enhance the development of pre-school children via the improvement of curricular

Mufti also briefed on the Children's Heritage and Science Museum, and the Jubilee School for gifted students.

NHF Community Develop-

EC experts explore Jordan's

needs of modern technology

rency Units (ECU) to Jordanian

A further allocation of 5.5 mil-

lion (ECU) has been granted for

the period between 1988 and

1991, as part of the EC assistance

programme to Jordan under the third protocol signed last year. Seen in view of the past experi-

ence, the two experts had exten-sive discussions with Jordanian

officials on objectives and identi-

fication of new activities to be

financed by the EC in the science

and technology sector in Jordan;

according to the EC office state-

universities and research institu-

entrusted by the European Com-munity (EC) to explore Jordan's universities and institutions.

ment project products were also reviewed. They include the National Handicraft Development Project (rugs, cushions, etc...), all produced by the Bani Hamida women's weaving project and the Turath Centre in

Queen Silvia presented the foundation with a collection of various educational toys, as well as equipment designed for children suffering from physical, developmental and mental handicaps. These will be distributed among the various projects that the foundation is implementing in the materials and teacher proarea of child care.

Queen Noor and Queen Silvia later proceeded to the Institute for Child Health and Develop-

AMMAN (J.T.) - Two experts of the transfer of technology and It said these activities focus on the implementation of the science cooperation links with European and technology projects in re-search and higher education re-During the 1977-1987 period, the EC supported the deviceop-ment of science and technology in lated to the requirements of the Jordan by providing grants totalling 16.7 million European Cureconomic development of Jordan.

Many of these activities are envisaged as research cooperation and joint research programmes between the Kingdom and European institutions.

According to the EC statement, details of the activities will be worked out by the involved Jordanian universities and institutions during the next few months, and will be subject to a final round of discussions with the German experts before being submitted to the EC authorities for initiating their implementation during the first half of 1990.

Zuhair Malhas, Sweileh Mayor Habes Obeidat, members of the board of the institute and Director Dr. Hind Dawany. Dawany briefed the two

queens on the programmes of the institute, which was established in 1986 as a joint Swedish-Jordanian project, with the objective of furthering national efforts in developing new and comprehensive methods of preventing health care for pregnant mothers and pre-school children.

Initially funded by Sweden through the Radda Barnen (Save the Children) Organisation, the institute is now under the administrative and financial control of

In a speech she delivered at the institute, Queen Silvia said Sweden has always sought to provide children with services at the highest possible level and expressed her satisfaction that Radda Barnen could export these services to Jordan.

Describing Radda Barnen experts as "the best ambassadors of Sweden," the queen voiced hope that the ICHD "will continue to progress and provide the best services to the children of

The institute seeks to improve growth monitoring practices by parents, conduct primary field research among children, train health workers and produce information material to promote parents' and teachers' awareness of early signs of childhood diseases and abnormalities.

Queen Silvia was later accompanied by Princess Majda Ra'ad to the Al Hussein Society for the Education and Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped, where she was received by Her Royal Highness Princess Basma and the centre's children. Also present were society board mem-



Their Majesties Queen Silvia and Queen Noor are briefed by NHF Director In'am Al Musti Tuesday on the foundation's programmes (Petra photo)

bers, and Swedish visitors includ- a Jordanian family," Princess ing Swedish journalists.

Princess Majda, president of the society, welcomed Queen Silvia with a brief speech about the

1984 with the help of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, the Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund, and through a generous donation made by the Sultan Oaboos of Oman.

Before we worked in impro-Now, we have 170 students/patients, 60 staff members, 10 volunteers of different nationalities including two Swedish girls. In an annex, we have a voccational training school to which two new floors have been added as a result of a donation made by retherapy room.

Majda said.

"We were also donated mobile clinic from the Italian government. We operate it jointly with the Cerebral Palsy Foundation so The centre was established in as to reach out and help a greater number of handicapped people," Princess Majda said

Around 400 patients have received medical treatment from this clinic.

Oueen Silvia, who has shown a keen interest in serving handicapvised quarters for five years. ped people, toured the centre, its classrooms, especially the first and third grades - two new additions — where classes were

The queen also visited the occupational therapy section, the physiotherapy room, and the hyd-

Bashaireh: Jordan has 46 community colleges

AMMAN (Petra) - Ministry of in the country Higher Education's Secretary General Ahmad Bashaireh said Tuesday that Jordan now has 46 community colleges providing training in 55 various specialisations, complementing the work of universities in Jordan.

He said that the increase in the number of community colleges in the Kingdom reflects the need for specialised training aimed at helping to promote development activities and programmes.

Bashaireh was addressing the opening session of a training seminar on methods of teaching and the use of technical aids in

Bashaireh referred to the Arab Federation of Vocational Training and paid tribute to its achievements over the past 10 years. He noted that Jordan has been active in supporting the federation's

educational and vocational fields.

Jordanian teenagers win Swedish honours By a Jordan Times Staff Writer al wars. Smeir's essay concentrated on the individual as the important

AMMAN — "When someone has a dream it is but a dream, but when everybody shares the same dream it becomes reality," it. The dream is peace and two oung Jordanians are try make this possible.

at instilling faith in today's youth about the future. The programand a girl, to go to Sweden to attend an international seminar on peace.

ti, both 16, won seats at the conference after writing impromptu essays on what is thre-Salti's essay focused on many ills facing the world but he stres-

Lara Smeir and Ahmad Al Sal-

sed the essentiality of inner peace. "If we want to promote peace we

22439 JO.

player in global issues. "The individual is what matters, more than the government or anything that is how a Colombian poet put else." Smeir believes that if individuals unite for a specific pur-

While in Sweden, the winners Sweden's Life-Link, a global met with many other concerned project for all young people, aims young people. "We saw that we are not the only people (Arabs) with problems," Smeir told the me, through a writing competition, chose two Jordanians, a boy to Amman. "Some of our prob-Jordan Times upon their return lems in Jordan are the same as in other countries," she added.

atening the planet earth and possible solutions. Kingdom. The committee, which received approximately 800

The winning essays were selected by a committee which opened the contest to about eight or nine private schools in the essays from the students, also based their selection on perso-

Smeir and Salti plan to keep have to be at peace with spreading the message of peace in ourselves," he says. His essay the country and outside by setting addressed such problems as up a Life-Link club and correspollution, radiation and tradition- ponding with other young adults.

ANNOUNCEMENT FROM THE

MINISTRY OF WATER AND

IRRIGATION/

WATER AUTHORITY

INVITATION FOR BIDS (UFB)

TENDER NO. 39/89/VL

SUPPLY OF GATE VALVES, CHECK

VALVES

AND BUTTERFLY VALVES 1. The Water Authority of the Hashemite Kingdom of

Jordan has received a loan from the World Bank in

various currencies towards the cost of the water and

sewerage project and it is intended that part of the

proceeds of this loan will be applied to eligible

payments under the contracts for the purchase of gate

eligible bidders for the supply of gate valves, check

valves and butterfly valves.
Interested eligible bidders may obtain further

information from, and inspect the documents

at, the office of the Secretary General of the Water Authority, Shmelsani, P.O. Box 2412, Amman, Jordan. Telephone 680100. Telex

4. A complete set of bidding documents may be purch-

5. All bids must be accompanied by a bid security

Jordan local time, Saturday Oct. 28, 1989.

non-refundable fee of JD 150.

ased by any eligible bidder on submission of a written

application to the above address and the payment of

in the amount(s) specified in Section V Sche-

dule of Requirements, and must be delivered

to the above office not later than 12:00 hours,

Eng. Mutazz Belbeisi

Secretary General **Water Authority**

2. The Water Authority now invites sealed bids from

valves, check valves and butterfly valves.

Draw cash up to JD 400 from your account. Deposit (cash or cheque) in any of your accounts or the

 Demand to know the balance of your deposits and obtain a summarised account state-

account of another person.

ARAB BANK LTD

- Demand a detailed account
- Pay electricity bills by debiting your accounts.
- branches in Jordan.
- Request a cheque book.

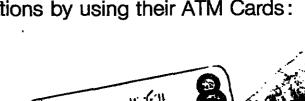
CONTACT ANY OF OUR BRANCHES FOR INFORMATION IN THIS REGARD



A newly developed service by the Arab Bank for the use

Automated Teller Machine (ATM)

Customers can now conduct the following banking operations by using their ATM Cards:



- statement.
- Direct transfer of deposits from your account to others in any of the Arab Bank



The Arab Bank has lately installed an ATM at its branch in Jaba! Hussein and the ATM service is now available at the following

- King Faisal Street
- Shmeisani
- Bayader Wadi Seer
- Fifth Circle Jubeiha Office
- Marka
- Jabal Hussein Abdali
- Jordan Intercontinental Hotel
- Gardens Office
- Ashrafieh Office
- Zarga
- Shafiq Irsheidat Off.(Irbid)

By Jawad Anani

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Protect the environment

PRELIMINARY investigations confirmed Sunday that wanton negligence was the cause of the very dangerous leak of poisonous chlorine gas from a chemical plant in the Zarka area. On the very same day investigations also revealed that criminal intentions were behind the smuggling of raw fat in sewage dumping trucks to be used recklessly and dangerously in adulterating foodstuffs that Jordanians innocently consume every day unaware of the posions that are constantly being poured into their blood veins often causing irreparable damage to their health.

Earlier on, mercury was discovered seaping into water streams leading to one of the important water dams in the country. This is not to mention the liberal use of pesticides and insecticides by the agricultural sector to an extent that also threatens life and health in the country. To be sure, there are many other violations of man's environment and his natural habitat in the country, some that have been discerned with little or no public outcry and others that have yet to be revealed and noticed.

All such grave incidents tell an ominous story that the country and people of Jordan have yet to acquire the environmental culture that seeks sources of pollutions and violation of the environment and makes a concerted effort to address them. The laissez faire attitude that permeated life in Jordan for so long with regard to pollutants of nature and ravages to the environment is an integral part of the explanation of why we in Jordan have been plagued by silent neglect of environmental issues, be they in the industrial, agricultural, water or atmospheric sectors of life in the Kingdom.

All this suggests that governmental and non-governmental organisations concerned about stiffer environmental controls must seek new bold laws and the necessary potent and effective machinery to rectify the ongoing threats to the environment in Jordan. Perhaps even more important than legislation and the policing the implementation of such new legislation is an effort to make the public more aware of environmental considerations and to imbue in them the spirit to fight all forms of threat to their health. It has been the experience of all nations which achieved a ramarkable degree of success in combating environmental threats that progress in this domain is achieved through public outcry. Only if the people can be drafted into the process against pollution in all its forms will the state be able to do something effective about it. All this leads us to an earlier decision to establish a consumer protection society. Such a society is an indispensable part of our fight against environmental threats. Jordan has yet to hear about the birth of that society.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

JORDANIAN dailies on Tuesday gave wide coverage of a visit to Jordan by King Gustaf and Queen Silvia of Sweden, welcoming the monarch and the queen; and praising Sweden's stand vis a vis the Middle East issue and world problems.

Al Ra'i daily said that Swedish-Jodanian relations have always been marked with close cooperation and friendliness and mutual respect, deepened by the fact that Sweden has been playing major roles designed to serve the cause of world justice and peace. Sweden has also been playing a leading role in safeguarding the world's environment, thus providing an essential service to the whole international community, said the paper. Jordan has always looked to Sweden with appreciation and respect and for help to contribute towards the establishment of peace and an end to all regional conflicts; and indeed Sweden has always assumed its international responsibility in these matters and has always been keen on preserving world peace by adhering to its neutrality and positively contributing towards the enhancement of world peace, the paper added. Sweden's noble actions in these issues, the paper continued, were manifested in Stockholm's participation in peace-making efforts led by the United Nations by sending envoys to the troubled spots and contributed to the U.N. peace force around the world. Sweden has contributed a great deal towards the development in Jordan, said the paper, and the present royal visit is deeply appreciated by the Jordanian people.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily urges the government to take serious measures to deal with those tampering with public health and impose strict penalties on those responsible for the smuggling of fat unfit for human consumption. Salah Abdul Samad says that the smuggling of the contaminated fat should not be looked on as a mere smuggling case, but one that has serious consequences on public health. The incident clearly shows a disregard on the part of the perpetrators of all human considerations, and intended as a means to cause harm to Jordanian industries, the writer notes. He says it is a crime directed against the whole nation, committed in violation of all principles and social values. The writer calls for full investigation into the case by the military courts, and urges the health minister to cancel all licenses issued to restaurants and food shops that do not abide by the health safety regulations so as to ensure that no harm is being done to public health and no harm is caused to Jordanian industries which constitute a major source of

Al Dustour daily commended the strong friendly ties between Sweden and Jordan; and paid tribute to Stockholm's foreign policy. The numerous Swedish envoys who had played leading roles to enhance world peace stand out as witness of Sweden's peace oriented nature and its desire to provide assistance to other countries, said the paper. The Middle East region, the paper noted, is a troubled spot which awaits efforts by peace-loving nations like Sweden, and awaits justice for the oppressed Palestinians. The Palestine question and the Gulf situation are two dangerous spots, awaiting the full implementation of U.N. Security Council resolutions through the help of peace-loving nations so that peace and justice can be re-estblished, said the

ECOLIGHT

Who writes our economic agenda?

MY HAPPINESS over the success of the government to effect monetary and foreign exchange stability is even greater than my satisfaction over Ed Koch's loss of his bid to win the U.S. Democratic Party nomination for New York mayorship. The recent pronouncements of Mr. Basil Jardaneh, the minister of finance, to the Financial Times are reassuring. So were Dr. Mohammad Said Nabulsi's, the Central Bank governor, who spoke to the press in Tunis on Jordan's exchange rate stability.

What is next on the economic agenda then? What problems are we going to tackle?

We have three major problems — rising cost of living, rising unemployment and slow investments. The three problems are interlocked and the solution to them cannot be as simple as the solution of the foreign exchange problem. We have to make sure that the system of trade — offs between the solution of one problem and the aggravation of another does not create new uncertainties and chain reactions which would extend beyond our

Inflation is a price phenomenon in the domestic market and a cost phenomenon imported from abroad. In other words people

If success enlivens investments, then we should boldly focus our attention on decreasing government expenditure. Subsidies can be revised and made more specific; taxes should be collected more efficiently; and government investments must be sold and the proceeds go to cover our foreign debts. Thus the inflationary impact of increased investment can be partialy offset by decreased government expenditure and enhanced family incomes.

Each step taken must be carefully calculated. However, we should have a comprehensive plan to discipline our subplans and executive decisions. Who is going to write the economic agenda? Naturally the concerned ministries should do it in close cooperation with the private sector. Once prepared, it should be approved by the new Parliament - so that the public is aware of the plant and its impact.

Our problems look serious. However, they can be resolved with well-designed plans and carefully executed actions. Yet, time is a valuable asset. The success in the first steps of monetary stabilisation should give us the courage to take other needed steps-provided we move fast. To wait until after the forthcoming parliamentary elections could prove to be a costly decision.

are facing continuous commodity price adjustments by the rise in the cost of foreign input's. Thus, people are paying more dinars for their needs, but these dinars are transferred (most of them) to foreign exporters. Therefore, our balance of payments may suffer from a greater deficit and may cause a further foreign exchange

On the other hand, wages and salaries are kept at their nominal level, while their purchasing power is declining. How much further can we sostain the decline in real incomes - especially when we are paying more taxes and when job opportunities are not increasing at par with increase in the supply of labour?

Our economic agenda for the next four years (1990-1993) must be written now. It should include plans and alternative plans. We should draw plans with different scenarios to meet the challenge of the future. Priority should be given to the encouragement of investment, both domestic and foreign. The climate is quite conducive. If we succeed in doing that we will enhance job availability and thus improve family incomes and alleviate the pressure to increase wages. Funds for investment should be made available, reminding those concerned that funds are actually available for good projects.

Europeans redrawing continent's map

By Marcus Eliason The Associated Press

LONDON — Fifty years after World War II, Europe is again in ferment. The post-postwar era is

As the western half of the continent approaches a watershed in the long trek toward union, its rival bloc to the east is falling to pieces. For Poland and Hungary, democracy beckons. East Germany, having spurned the new spirit of Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, suffers the humiliation of more than 14,000 of its citizens fleeing west.

These refugees, most of them young and skilled, are the lifeblood of the 40-year-old Communist state. Yet they have chosen to cut themselves off from roots, friends and families and take their chances in the West.

The phenomenon is not new.

Hundreds have died attempting to breach the 28-year-old Berlin wall or the watch-towered frontier that divides the Germanys. What is different is that they fled via Hungary, once one of the hard-line Eastern bloc countries, now reformed and liberalised in a manner that leaves its ally East Germany looking like a dinosaur."

The geopolitical order that was imposed after World War II and defined by a closed border from the Baltic to the Adriatic is crumbling, and no one can say

what finally will take its place. "The 'new Europe' is not yet born, but it is gestating," writes Daniel Vernet, a senor editor of the French daily Le Monde.

Much depends on whether Gorbachev can keep control of the forces his reforms have unleashed. Will Moscow allow its satellites to fly into new, uncharted orbits? Can it contain the pent-up ethnic and nationalist rage simmering in Latvia, Georgia, Armenia, Uzbekistan and other Soviet republics? Can the West afford the kind of aid needed to keep the new democracies afloat?

There is widespread rejection of orthodox Communism and an admission of its political, economic and social failures.

United States of Europe?

Meanwhile, in Western Europe, the 12 states of the European Economic Community are about to pool their sovereignty and cement their political and The whole continent of Europe economic union at the end of

has embarked on an adventure. 1992 in what some will be tempted to call a united states of

> Europe A huge bloc of 320 million people, untrammeled by frontiers, is about to emerge. Fifty years ago they were at war with each other.

> "Europe is rediscovering itself. It is now able to put a line under the second world war, look at itself and see where we are in the world," says Robert Elphick, an EEC spokesman in London.

> "Eastern Europeans are also rediscovering themselves and falling back on old traditions, expressing themselves through their own culture and not through something imported from outside by forceable means," he said in an interview.

> East and West, compelling images are being etched almost daion European minds: An East German woman painting a West German insignia onto her car before crossing the border; giant machines digging a tunnel to link Britain to France; in Poland, the East bloc's first non-Communist

While the unity of Western Europe is the outcome of a plodding, painstaking process that began soon after World War II, events in Eastern Europe are provoked by what French analyst for an even bigger Germany

Eva Kulesza calls "an acceleration of history."

The postwar order, "so threatening and yet so stable, so basically unacceptable and yet so reassuringly predictable, is unraveling at an accelerating pace," says Francois Heisbourg, director of the London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies.

German unification

It "may make adjustment difficult and sow the seeds of future instability," he wrote in the Independent newspaper in London. Detlef Kuhn, director of the

Bonn government's All-German Institute, believes the refugee exodus has made German reunification a live issue.

In an interview, Kuhn argued that if East Germany were to implement the reforms needed to make it attractive to its 17 million citizens, the country would have to dump Communism, and then would cease to have any reason to My analysis is that unification

would solve so many problems that we would have an economic boom, which is good not only for Germany but Europe as a whole," But the world may not be ready

that German unification might not be desirable," says Jonathan Hyde-Price, an analyst at the Royal Institute of International Affairs in London.

dominating the heart of Europe

rith its mighty economic muscle.

"If you go beyond the ritual

Since it is assumed that Moscow would tolerate a reunited Germany only if it were neutral, he said in an interview, "I think there's a feeling that West Germany is too important for NATO and the EEC to risk losing."

. Most analysts say it's far too early to write East Germany's obituary. The Economist calculated that even with the exodus via Hungary, proportionately fewer people have left East Germany in the past year than emi-grate from Ireland, yet "nobody

ssumes the collapse of Ireland."
But it concluded unification would be the world's biggest change in 40 years, and "is no longer a subject from which the eye can be comfortably averted." Mrs. Kulesza, head of Soviet and East European research at of International Relations.

agrees.
"What I'm worried about is have won the war.

for it - do we really wanted a united Germany?" she said in an calling for pulling down the Ber-lin wall, I think there is a feeling

In a gloomy analysis, Oxford University Professor John Gray writes that the economic odds against Gorbachev may be insurmountable, even with massive Western aid.

The danger is that the decay of the totalitarian system built up by Stalin and Lenin will result not in the reconstitution of a stable civil society, but in mounting chaos, economic collapse and the destabilisation of the experiments in controlled democracy in Po-

land and Hungary."
If so, he wrote, "then what we are now witnessing in the Soviet Union is not the middle of a reform, but the beginnings of a revolution, whose course no one can foresee.

Norman Stone, professor of modern history at Oxford University, sees "the wheel turning full circle," to a point where "we may, at long last, be realising the aims with which we went to war 50 years ago.

"There are many problems to the independent French Institute a stime." he wrote in the Sunday Times, "but 1989 is a good year to be alive; we may, at long last,

Germany must not shun an active Middle East policy

By Wolfgang Kohler

ARTHUR James Balfour, British Foreign Secretary from 1916 to 1919, has gone down in history for his Balfour Declaration on the future of Palestine

In a letter dated 2 November 1917 and written to the Zionist leader, Lord Rothschild, Balfour wrote that His Majesty's government was well disposed toward the establishment of a national home for the Jews in Palestine. It would do its best to make

this objective easier to attain "but, you will appreciate, nothing must be done that might prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine or jeopardise the rights and political status of Jews in other countries."

The Zionists used this declaration as a formal basis for their efforts to set up a Jewish state in Palestine, whereas it is conde-mned to this day by Palestinian Arabs as the starting-point of alien rule over their native country and as an expression of Western imperialism in the Middle

In March 1925 Balfour, then aged 77, paid Palestine, then administered by Britain under League of Nations mandate, his first and only visit.

He travelled there for the inauguration of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem. On his arrival the customs officer is said to have asked him: "Have you anything else to declare?" Derek Hopwood, professor of

Middle Eastern history at St. Anthony's College, Oxford, told this anecdote at the annual conference of the British Society for Middle Eastern Studies in

Maybe, he suggested, it was time the British government issued a further declaration to the effect that Her Majesty's government was well disposed toward the establishment of a Palestinian

Arab-European relations were the keynote of the conference, held jointly this year with its French counterpart, the Association française pour l'etude du monde arabe et musulman.

In his Reflections on Relations between Europe and the Middle East, Professor Hopwood also dealt with the allegation that the West had adopted a view of the East that had little to do with the realities of the situation.

"The Arabs," he concluded, have adopted a view of Europe based on imagination and confrontation, just as the Europeans have adopted a view of the Middle East based on imagination and domination."

Many people in the Middle East had redefined their position in terms of Islam, which owed nothing to the West, yet were still at loggerheads with the West as they imagined it, he said.

He called this attitude the third stage, after importing nationalist revolution and socialist illusion from the West. The Middle East, in his view,

was more anxious than virtually any other part of the world to protect its cultural heritage and felt threatened by cultural Westernisation. Concepts such as dignity, au-

thenticity and identity were associated with Islam. Yet how could a state be modern and liberal without being Westernised and dominated by the West?

In answer to this question Professor Hopwood referred to Iran, which was, he said, the only state that had tried to adopt an extremist approach.

If there is a gap in understanding between Europe and the Middle East, how is one to bridge it? "Orientalism" is not the right answer; it is a Western lesson, not a dialogue, it stresses distinctions and thus becomes a boundary and a limitation.

Yet Professor Hopwood was equally dismissive in ruling out Occidentalism" as an approach to understanding.

In his view every educated Arab is to some extent an "Occidentalist," having absorbed some aspect or other of Western culture. So he ought to be prepared to enter into a dialogue with a European intermediary. Both sides must redefine their

relations, not attaching too much importance to the past. Professor Hopwood saw a number of hopeful signs that this was happening. Udo Steinbach, director of the German Oriental Studies Institute, Hamburg, regretted that the Federal Republic of Germany

was at present absent from the political stage in the Middle East. There had yet to be any German response to dramatic changes there which had established new coordinates for a settlement of the Arab-Israeli or

Palestinian-Israeli confrontation. This silence in Bonn - on, say, the PLO's peace initiative - reflected, as he saw it, a malaise felt in Bonn on various occasions in respect of relations with the Middle East.

There were high Arab expectations of the Federal Republic's political clout corresponding to its economic ties with the region, but the federal government had strictly limited room for political manoeuvre.

Bonn was trying to avoid anything that might further compli-cate relations with Washington in view of the part played by German firms in the construction of a chemicals plant in Libva and of the difficult talks with the United States on short-range nuclear

Steinbach mentioned as an instance of external pressure such as had influenced decisions in Bonn on previous occasions William Safire's New York Times commentary entitled "Au-

schwitz-in-the-Sand." This article had shown what problems Bonn faced in its Middle East policy.

He mentioned for purposes of comparison the accusations levelled by former Israeli Premier Menahem Begin at Bonn Chancellor Helmut Schmidt for having served in the Wehrmacht. Mr. Begin's accusations were

made in a bid to stall the export of German tanks to Saudi

Bonn's relations with Israel have in Steinbach's opinion been the determining factor in German policy on the Middle East ever since the Federal Republic was founded.

"The Arabs were only considered marginally," he said. Bonn expected them to show understanding."

He listed factors that made German policy toward the Middle East more difficult. They included Germany's past, the close ties between Israel and America, the Federal Republic's reliance on the United States, the complexity of the situation in the Middle East and the extraordinary sensitivity of German public opinion where Israel was con-

If the federal government had nonetheless succeeded in drawing up and pursuing to some extent a Middle East policy worthy of the name, it had only been able to do so by virtue of the common European policy toward the Middle

This common European approach took shape in the early 1970s, mainly as a proving ground to show whether a common European foreign policy was possible.

Due largely to German urging, the "legitimate rights" of the Palestinian people, up to and including the "right of self-deter-mination," had been included in a number of declarations.

The idea, Steinbach said, had then been to call for a solution to the German Question that-was similarly based on the right of self-determination.

The intifada and the Israeli response to it had intensified Bonn's dilemma. The federal government had endorsed the condemnation of moves by the Israeli army in the 8 February 1988 European Community declaration, but bilaterally the German reaction had been "extremely guarded."

He referred to the agreement

reached by all parties in the March 1988 Bundestag debate that the Germans must be "particularly tactful" with regard to these events and were not entitled to tell the Israelis what to do.

Ought the Federal Republic to pursue a Middle East policy of any kind? Steinbach mentioned three reasons why it should, as the federal government and the Bundestag saw it.

The other two were economic grounds, such as German dependence on oil imports from the Middle East (although this de-pendence has declined, from 44 per cent in 1981 to 16 per cent in 1987), and German exports.

Outside the Western industrialised countries the Middle East ranks second only to Eastern Europe as a market for German exports. These economic considerations mean that Germany has an futerest in stability in the

The Federal Republic is not only affected by war and tension in the Middle East; it is also threatened by terrorist attacks

and hijackings.
The special nature of German-Israeli relations ought in Steinbach's view not merely to find expression in declarations, friendship arrangements and an endless succession of visitors to Israel.

It must include political responsibility to safeguard Israel's existence by means of reconciliation with the Arabs. In the longer term Israel's security could only be guaranteed in part by military strength and external support.

Lasting security could only be achieved by means of compromise. Given its historic responsibility toward Israel the Federal Republic must not shun an active Middle East policy; it must commit itself even more strongly than others - Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung fur Deutschland.

W. German villagers want British army to leave

By Alexander Ferguson

BISPINGEN, West Germany — Residents of Lueneberg heath, where Nazi troops on the western front surrendered to allied forces at the end of World War II, want the British army to leave one of its most important training areas.

landscape south of Hamburg into wasteland reminiscent of the Flanders battlefields of the World Ecolights rage as Chieftain tanks churn the land into a quag-

Villagers say the troops and

their tanks have turned the idyllic

mire. Villagers wince under the roar of Tornado jets. A church group has planted wooden crosses around the 173 square kilometre area to show the land is dead.

The tension between the army's training needs and local concern about the countryside has reached the point where Bonn and London have had to get involved. Defence ministers from the two

NATO allies will meet on Wednesday in West Germany and the issue of the exercise area is on the agenda, diplomats said. Under the Soltau-Lueneberg

treaty of 1959, British troops are

allowed to carry out manoeuvres on the heath, much of which is a nature reserve, at all times of the day throughout the year. The treaty is a left over from the Second World War," said Dieter Moehrmann, a local mem-

ber of parliament. "People are "Nothing can grow here," said Ernst-Otto Bosselmann, spokesman for a local protest group, pointing to a sea of mud stretch-

ing to the horizon.
One British military source described the treaty as a "running sore in Anglo-German relations," but shrugged off the complaints by comparing them to the type of protest made when a

motorway was built. "It's unpleasant if it's on your doorstep, but it's for the greater

good: NATO's defence," he said. Mochrmann said that when the treaty was signed the West German government had failed to get guarantees that the population and environment would be re- destroyed," he said.

He and Bosselmann are part of a growing pressure group, with almost 300 members, who want to see the treaty scrapped by 1997 at the latest.

The group has sent a petition to Bonn signed by more than 10,000 people from the 26,000 strong

"The protests against the troops are as old as the treaty itself," said Klaus Doppke, the chief local government officer in Bispingen, a village in the centre

of the manoeuvre area. But he said opposition was growing among local people and the West Germans who spent their holidays in the area could see no point to the buge military presence at a time when the Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev had announced arms control and dis-

"We try to counter these criticisms by saying its better to have Chieftain tanks here than tanks with red stars on them. But all they see is the countryside being

armament initiatives.



Going East pays off

By Sten Martenson

THERE ARE 68 Goethe Institutes throughout the world. There is every indication that they will be set up in a few other countries soon. The long years of effort on the part of the Federal Republic of Germany to gain access for this cultural mediating organisation to Eastern Europe now seems to be paying off. So far, there have only been Goethe Institutes in the Yugoslavian cities of Belgrade (since 1970) and Zagreb (since 1971). But Yugoslavia is a special case in Eastern Europe. It does not belong to the Socialist community of states. The first member of the Warsaw Pact to allow the establishment of a Goethe Institute was Romania in 1979. Unlike the branches in Belgrade and Zagreb, the Goethe Institute in Bucharest was permitted to run German language courses without being able to accommodate all those interested.

Early 1988, a Goethe Institute was opened in Budapest. The internal situation in Hungary has changed course in favour of pluralism. The monopoly for German cultural work, enjoyed so far by the GDR, no longer obtains following the democratization of the political and social conditions in Hungary. Bonn's foreign policy made advances to Hungary which have now turned out to be worthwhile. What is more, the Goethe Institute in Budapest is of particular importance. A German minority living in Hungary is now receiving greater attention from the Hungarian state once more. This applies above all to language activity. Hungary has now started to promote German as a mother tongue. There is a need for language-teaching material and background information on the Federal Republic of Germany as produced and distributed by Inter Nationes, a further mediating organisation, on a wide range of topics for further German foreign cultural work.

It seems likely that the next Goethe Institutes will be opened in Moscow and Warsaw. An agreement to this effect was signed duting the visit to Bonn by Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet state and party leader. Like the institutes in Belgrade, Zagreb, Bucharest and Budapest, the one faminame of Goethe. Efforts to get the contracting partners in Eastern Europe to agree to this have been unsuccessful so far. Admittedly, there are non-Communist countries in which German cultural institutes have another name. The Moscow institute will, in all probability, commence operations next year. There is a vague hope that the institute will be accommodated in the old palace, occupied at present by the German Embassy. The fact that the Soviet government has allowed the institute to be accessible to all Soviet citizens in the agreement, has been chalked up as a success by the Goethe

Institute's head office in Munich. The agreement on a cultural institute in Poland has already been initialled. In other words, it is still awaiting official signature during Federal Chancellor Helmut Kohl's visit to Warsaw. The institute will boast of one special feature: at Poland's request, its purview is to be extended to include the exchange of scientific and technological information. A data terminal is to be installed, providing Polish users with access

German data banks. This enhancement of commitments means that the Goethe Institute is breaking new ground. The head office in Munich is anticipating considerable technical and organisational difficulties in the initial stages.

The prospects of setting up German cultural institutes on a similar basis in Prague and Sofia are by no means poor. An agreement with Bulgaria was signed in November 1988. Since 1 April 1989, the head of the institute, together with a locally-employed member of staff, has been trying to cope with the ourush, particularly "German learners". The otiations with Prague have still not been concluded.

The opening-up of Eastern Europe for cultural insti-tutes from the Pederal Republic of Germany has been a long-standing objective of foreign cultural policy. Expectations on the part of the population vis-a-vis the Goethe Institutes are great. There are fears in Munich that there will be much disappointment when it is discovered that the newly crected cultural institutes are still inadequately equipped with staff and material (library). The question of finance is creating headaches. The latest annual report by the Goethe Institute states: "The joy engendered by the possibilities of developing new activities in the direction of Eastern Europe is clouded by the fact that the essential provision of the necessary offices and materials promises to be a difficult and ardnous task. Whilst this is understandable in the light of the considerable budgetary problems on the part of the Federal government, it is hardly acceptable in the light of the politically-desired intensification of cooperation, especially with Eastern Europe."

The Goethe Institute recent

listed the funds it required and what they were needed for. The medium-term planning covers the period 1990-1993. It is emphasised that, in the countries of Bastern Europe, in particular, its commitments optimally. After all, nowhere in the world is there so much German learnt as in Eastern Europe. Some 9 million persons are learning German in the Soviet Union alone. It is anticipated that Goethe Institute German courses will be in great demand in these countries - as has already become apparent in Budapest. A large number of German teachers is commensurate with the large number of persons learning German. As has been realistically forecast in Munich, they are seeking contacts, exchange of experience, information and incentives from the Federal Republic of Germany. And it must also be borne in mind that the interest of intellectuals in Eastern Europe in cultural development in the Federal Republic of Germany has remained alive during the years in which their countries were sealed off. INP

Zaire: "Papa" and "mama" cards — a new way of saving

RICKSHAW pullers in Zaire are being encouraged to save with a new savings scheme, says a report from IRED Forum, the magazine of the Geneva-based Development Innovations and Networks.

The system involves the puller depositing part of each day's income with a father (papa) or mother (mama) of the district or market, well-known for their honesty. The amount deposited on the first day of the month should be the same on each following day until the end of the

Each day, the amount depo-sited is written on a card, of

which there are two copies. At the end of the month, the papa or mama take one day's deposit as their commission from the total amount of the rickshaw puller's monthly savings. This savings system has become general among the population of Kinshasa. Over time, the system makes it possible for the poor rickshaw pullers to reasonable amounts of

The pullers are now asking their union — the Association des Conducteurs de Chariots de Zaire -- to help set up a collective savings system which would give them access to credit with the association — PANOS.

Zimbabwe: Foot-and-mouth disease killing beef export industry

THE ban on Zimbabwe's beef exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) which was imposed in May, after an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, has been extended because of a resurgence of the disease, Dingaan Mpondah reports from

Dr. Stuart Hargreaves, Zimbabwe's veterinary service director, said that before the new outbreak of the disease, negotiations for the resumption of prime beef exports to the EEC were supposed to take place before the

end of the year. "It will not be this year, nor early next year. This new development has seriously affected the beef industry." Hargreaves

Zimbabwe in the past camed an estimated Z\$100 million (US\$45 million) in foreign currency from its beef exports.

Hargreaves said that negotiations for exports to the EEC would only resume when the disease was under full control -

A turning point for China's agriculture

By Yuan Jiang

CHINA has just reaped an excellent summer grain harvest, representing a success in the first round of the battle to achieve an annual grain harvest exceeding the 1984 record level. This year's summer harvest of wheat, barley and beans is estimated at roughly 93.5 million tonnes, 2.5 million tonnes up from 1988 and slightly exceeding the previous peak record registered in 1986.

over one-fifth of China's annual grain harvest, most of which is gathered in autumn. Whether the country can end a four-year stagnation in grain production is still a problem that is a serious concern of China's economic

The country's agriculture is facing a grave situation: it has to feed the world's biggest popula-tion which hit 1.1 billion in April this year. The stagnation of grain production in the last four years was pinpointed as one of the major factors for last year's 18.5 per cent price hike, the highest rate since 1949. This has alerted people to the fact that the grain problem must be addressed without delay to help check inflation and ensure a healthy growth of the national economy.

After last year's grain harvest, 2 per cent down from the preceding year, China's leading officials have announced the government's determination to revitalise the agricultural sector, primarily

grain production.

Addressing the National People's Congress last March, Premier Li Peng pledged energetic efforts to expand agriculture as the foundation for China's economic development. Vice-Premier Tian Jiyun called for efforts to bring about a turning point in agricultural production

Yet in the early 1980s, everyone agreed that agriculture was the most dynamic sector of China's national economy. Farmers were energised by rural reforms which led to six years of dramatic economic growth from 1979 to 1984. The 1984 record grain harvest of 407.31 million tonnes was nearly, one third more than in 1978. Cotton and other major crops also hit record levels in

The unprecedented harvest enabled China to solve the longstanding problem of providing enough basic food for its huge population and turned the country from a grain importer to a net exporter in the next two years. Yet grain output has hovered around 390-400 million tonnes in the last four years without being able to climb back to the 1984 peack level, and China has again been importing cereals since 1987.

In the four decades (1949-1988) following the founding of the People's Republic, China's annual grain output increased 3.48 times while its population doubled. The per-capita grain output of the nation, 208 kilos in 1949, shot up to 393 kilos in 1984 and, after four years of stagnation, dropped to 360 kilos last

The country has to face this stern fact in its agricultural development: its population is growing at a rate of 14 to 15 million a year, a figure equivalent to the population of Australia,

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being nibbled away by the emergence of new rural factories, toads, farmers' new homes and in some places by new fish ponds and orchards built by profit-seeking farmers.

Rising consumption

Surveys made by State Statistical Bureau show that rising food consumption has added to the strains of grain supply. Per-capita consumption of meat, eggs and sugar has doubled and that of vegetable oil trebled in the past decade. As a result, livestock farming, poultry raising and the food industry demand increasing

quantities of grain.
Output of beer, for example, increased nine times to 6.43 million tonnes between 1980 and 1988. It is estimated that 25 million tonnes of grain, enough to feed all the Chinese for more than one month, are used annually to make alcoholic drinks. Livestock and poultry feed take an even bigger amount every

Grain consumption is expected to rise further in the coming years as more grain will be needed for the production of meat, eggs, milk, alcoholic drinks and other processed food for both the lomestic and overseas markets. Too Cool

There have been reports in the "People's Daily" and other national newspapers saying that an important reason for the stagnation of grain production is that "industrial development is overheated, while agriculture has not received enough warmth and

too cool."

Between 1976 and 1980, agriculture accounted for 10.5 per cent of the nation's total capital investment. This proportion was slashed to only 5.1 per cent in the 1981-1985 period and further to a ager 3 per cent in the years 1986-1988. Industry, energy, transport and communication now take up the lion's share of Since the government purchase

prices for grain and cotton are kept artificially low, these products are relatively uncompetitive attracting investments, said Chen Xiwen, a noted agricultural economist at the National Rural Development Research Centre. He suggested that the government should readjust its investment priorities to put greater emphasis on agriculture. Moreover, he said, large water conservancy projects and factories producing equipment take many years to build. Such investment is needed soon to support agriculturai development in the 1990s. Farmers who are losing interest

in grain production are going in for those trades that bring them higher profits, for example, animal husbandary and rural industry. In the last four years, while grain production fluctuated, animal husbandry went up at an average annual rate of 9 per cent and rural industry, transport and services up 20-30 per cent a year in terms of output value. Overall, the country's total agricultural output value continued to rise in the last 4 years, although at a slower pace of some 4 per cent. Farmers' income has increased. But the most pressing problem remains that of grain production. Many economists agree that it is neces-

while the country's arable land is sary to raise the prices at which the government buys cereals.

The government raised the prices for purchasing grain and other major farm products by 24 per cent in 1979 and offered more for above-quota sales, but this has been offset by steeper price rises for chemical fertiliser, diesel and farm took.

To stimulate farmers' interest in grain and cotton production; the government this year again raised prices for cereals by 18-25 per cent and the price for cotton by 20 per cent. But China has to carry out an overall price reform if prices are truly to reflect the value of products, economists say. This could take many years

Measures to boost production

The target for China's grain output is 500 million tonnes by the year 2000. "That would require an average annual growth rate of 1.9 to 2 per cent in the next 12 years," said agricultural economist Chen Xiwen, "the goal is not unattainable, provided that favourable conditions are created

for stable agricultural growth." Apart from raising purchase prices, the following measures are being taken by the government to boost output:

- Although the government is implementing an austerity finan-cial policy this year, it has de-cided to increase its capital investment in agriculture to \$337.8 million up by 16 per cent over last

- Banks will grant \$4.7 billion of new loans this year to farmers, up 63 per cent from last year. Added to the 80 billion yuan of loans issued earlier, the total sum will reach nearly \$27 billion.

 Agricultural development foundation funds will be established by the provinces for their farm development projects. The total sum of such funds is expected to reach \$1.35 billion in

- Twenty-five per cent of the loans already granted by the World Bank to China will be used for agriculture.

- Factories plan to produce 85 million toones of chemical ferti-liser this year, 5 million tonnes more than in 1988. The supply of insecticide and diesel oil will also - In the past three years, 110

counties have been built into grain-producing bases. Another 80 such bases will be built in the next two years. - The area devoted to grain growing is to be expanded this

year to 111.3 million hectares by double-cropping, interplanting and the utilisation of winter fallow land in southern China. - More farmers will be ac-

quainted with new agro-techniques as part of a widespread campaign to publicise new

After this year's bumper wheat harvest, He Kang, minister of agriculture, said that a turning point has been reached. "The potential for further expanding China's agricultural production lies in scientific farming, in utilis-ing the country's wasteland, hilly areas, lakes, rivers, grasslands and tidal lands, and in transform-ing low-yielding farmland," the minister said. "But, the population growth must be controlled." he noted — China features.

Ex-U.S. president takes on horn peacemaker role

TALKS aimed at ending Africa's way soon -- half a world away in the United States.

Atlanta, Georgia, may seem an improbable venue for negotiations between the Ethiopian government and the Entrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF). But it is the home of the man who has emerged as a mediator in the 28-year-old conflict, the former American president, Jimmy

Carter. Should the initial meeting, opening on Sept. 7, prove successful, the talks are expected to be continued in an African capital, possibly Nairobi or Cairo.

Egypt's President Mubarak. the current Chairman of the Organisation of African Unity, has already shown his readiness to back this bid to restore peace to the Horn of Africa, for so long plagued by war and recurring

The EPLF's readiness to come to the negotiating table has encouraged the other major rebel grouping, the Tigre People's Liberation Front, to follow suit.

It has announced its willingness longest civil war will get under to hold similar talks under Mr. Carter's chairmanship. Unlike the EPLF, however, it has never demanded total independence, only autonomy with a unified

Ethiopia. Over the past year or so there has been a concerted effort to resolve several of Africa's most serious internal conflicts. And few would now deny that this has to be viewed in the context of the growing rapprochement between the super-powers.

Once President Gorbachev became convinced that regional crisis points were a stumbling block better bilateral relations, the Soviet Union joined the United States in a determined attempt to

'defuse" them. The process began with the most glaringly urgent of these problems and it led to the withdrawal of the USSR's invading forces from Afghanistan. Then the spotlight switched to Southem Africa and the interlinked issues of bringing Namibia to independence and ending Ango-

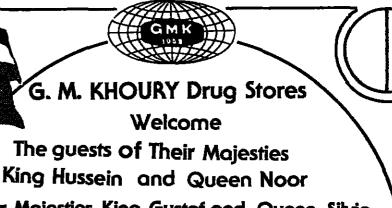
That a formula was found which promises to achieve both these goals owed much to the pressures exerted by Washington and Moscow behind the scenes.

Meanwhile, there are hopes that the other major obstacle to detente, the Cambodia question, may now be removed. The outline of a settlement plan, which includes the withdrawal of the Vietnamese invaders, emerged from a recent conference.

At the same time Africa's attention has been focused on efforts to end other debilitating internal conflicts.

While the Ethiopians, especially the armed forces, are undoubtedly war-weary, mounting pressure from Kremlin is another potent factor behind the decision of the Marxist regime in Addis Ababa to talk to the Eritrean

Few observers are over-optimistic about the forthcoming talks. But they agree that the outlook appears more promising than at any time since the 1974 revolution - Lions features



Their Majesties King Gustaf and Queen Silvia and on this special occasion G. M. Khoury

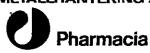
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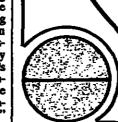
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Exhibition will be opened to all Doctors and interested parties From Sept. 19-25, 1989. at MEDICA CENTER Exhibition Hall Mecca El Mucaramma St., Wadi Saara, Amman. Exhibition Hours Daily 08-19 Hrs except Friday.







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Iraq begins oil exports through second phase of trans-Saudi pipeline

JEDDAH (Agencies) — The tanker Al Qadisiya left the Red Sea oil terminal of Yanbu Tuesday after lifting the first consignment of Iraqi oil pumped through the recently completed second phase of a pipeline across Saudi Arabia.

second phase of the pipeline, known as IPSA-2, will add 1.15 million barrels a day to Iraq's oil export potential.

Coupled with development schemes of Mina Al Bakr terminal on the Gulf, that potential is expected to exceed five million barrels a day sometimes in 1990. That would lift Iraq to the

ranks of the oil giants of the 13-nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). Iraq's oil reserves are estimated at 100 billion barrels, among the highest within the OPEČ.

The tanker, flying the Iraqi flag, left after an 18-hour loading operation during which it lifted a consignment of 36,000 barrels of crude oil pumped at a rate of 2,000 barrels an hour, said sources who spoke on condition of not being identified further.

They declined to give the destination of the tanker. Yanbu is about 440 kilometres south of the Saudi Arabia port city of Jeddah. Iraqi Oil Minister Issam Al Chalabl, in a message to Presi-

TEL AVIV (R) - Prices plunged

on Israel's stock exchange Tues-

day amid growing fears of a split

in the coalition government over

stock exchange index Tuesday in

a day of record trading sparked

by differences between Prime

Minister Yitzhak Shamir's right-

ists and their Labour partners

over Eyptian proposals to amend

Shamir's plan for Palestinian

elections in the occupied terri-

Stock exchange managing

director Yossi Nitzani told army

radio that prices had been rising

steadily all year and it was natural

that as investors saw a peak

approaching they should become

sensitive to political turbulence.

U.S. dollar Pound Sterling Deutschemark

One Sterling

One U.S. dollar

One ounce of gold

Prices fell by six per cent on the

Middle East peace moves.

Coalition fears hit

Israeli stock market

Full operational capacity of the dent Saddam Hussein broadcast over Baghdad Television the previous night, announced that loading had started onto the 155,211ton tanker, marking the inauguration of IPSA-2.

"This is a new lifeline for the Iraqi economy which will provide more resources for our development plans." Chalabi said in the

The twin pipeline has a capacity to move 1.65 million barrels a day overall, which would set Iraq's oil exporting capacity via pipelines to the Mediterranean through Turkey, and to the Red Sea through Saudi Arabia, at 3.25

million barrels per day.

Iraq, which has an OPEC-decreed daily quota of 2.78 million barrels per day, also began exporting oil by tanker through the Gulf and the Strait of Hormuz once a U.N.-sponsored ceasefire was enforced Aug. 20, 1988 halt-

ing its eight-year war with Iran. Before IPSA-2's inauguration, Iraq's export potential was esti-mated at 2.65 million barrels a

day.
The operation of the trans-

The more prices rise the more

sensitive the public becomes... with these high levels we should

not be surprised if we see more

nervousness... than we saw in

Defence Minister Yitzhak

Rabin met Shamir to report his

talks Monday with Egyptian Pres-

ident Hosni Mubarak on the

proposed amendments, largely

accepted by Rabin and his

Labour colleagues but opposed by Shamir's Likud Party.

In addition to matters of elec-

tion procedure Egypt's proposals

call for a freeze on Jewish settle-

ment in the Israeli-occupied West

Bank and Gaza Strip and a com-

mitment to trade occupied land

417.3 421.5 276.8 279.6 92.3 93.2

for peace.

Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder

Italian lira (for 100) 43.4 43.8 Belgian franc (for 10) 149.4 150.9

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire Japanese yen

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday, September 19, 1989

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.1825/35

1.9573/80

2.2070/80

1.6925/35

40.95/98 6.6060/110

1410/1411

146.10/20

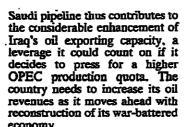
6.6140/90

7.6040/90

360.00/360.50

609.7 615.7 955.6 965.2 312.0 315.1 361.4 365.0 92.5 93.4

previous months," he said.



Oil industry circles noted that the timing of the first tanker lifting from IPSA-2 comes a few days ahead of an OPEC committee meeting in Geneva to consider the thorny issue of production levels, which remains unsatisfactorily low to several member

Chalabi, in an interview with the oil newsletter Middle East Economic Survey (MEES), published in Cyprus, had said his country was planning to stick to the output quota decreed by OPEC despite the increase in its export capacity.

We will continue to hold to the quota and we will press the others to hold to their quotas also," Chalabi told MEES.

The sources said, however, that the full operational capacity of the trans-Saudi pipeline would not be reached before the middle of 1990. MEES had anticipated full capacity operation by this Vovember.

During the war, Iraqi oil exports fell to as little as one million barrels a day at times because of the closure of Gulf outlets and the halting of oil flow through a trans-Syrian pipeline. Syria supported Iran during the war.

A first stage of the trans-Saudi pipeline, one of the alternatives Iraq sought during the war years, IPSA-1, was inaugurated in 1985, with a capacity of 500,000 barrels a day, also gradually attained. The sources estimated that

combined with IPSA-2, the completed pipeline initially will be moving 800,000 barrels per day, with a gradual increase along the months till next summer. A week ago, Iraq had begun

channeling the crude from its Basra southern oil-fields via loops to the Trans-Saudi pipeline on the Gulf side of the kingdom. The director of ports in the

kingdom, Mohammad Al Bakr, flanked by Abdul Ghani Halawani, the man in charge of the King Fahd industrial harbour under which Yanbu falls, inspected the site as the tanker loading was

The completed \$2 billion, 142 centimetre pipeline stretches for 1.640 kilometres. It was laid by a consortium of Japanese, South Korean and several Western

IPSA-1, to be integrated into IPSA-2, was a 630-kilometre stretch that used to feed into Saudi Arabia's own petroline, which links the major Saudi oilfields in the Eastern Province across the desert to the Red Sea



Minister of Transport and Telecommunications Hikmat Khammash accompanied by Telecom-munications Corporation (TCC) Director Moham-

ad Shabed Ismail (right) tours Tuesday the Indian Trade Exhibition at Marj Al Hamam guided by exhibition director V.D.N. Rao.

Khammash shows keen interest in Indian technology

Khammash, minister of transport and communications Tuesday visited the on-going Indian Trade Exhibition at Mari Al Hamam and was briefed by Indian Ambassador Gajendra Singh and

U.S. boosts Hungary

WASHINGTON (AP) - The Commerce Department announced Monday that the United States was prepared to provide Hungary with a wide series of business and economic benefits, including permanent mostfavoured-nation (MFN) trade

It would make Hungary the first Eastern European nation having such status since enactment of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment in 1974 tying those benefits to free emigration policies, the department said.

Yugoslavia and Poland also have MFN status, but obtained theirs before 1974.

In addition, Commerce Secret ary Robert Mosbacher said the United States is prepared to improve tariff treatment of Hungarian products, extend development programmes and create a \$25 million fund to help create private business in the Communst country.

This step is an important part f implementing President George Bush's goal of building an American partnership with Hungary," Mosbacher said in a statenent after a meeting with Hunga rian Trade Minister Tamas Beck in Budapest.

A copy was made available in Washington.

"Such an agreement is fundamental for private sector business because it would contain investment protection guarantees which boost confidence and open the way to substantially increased U.S. private investment in Hungary," Mosbacher said. He said Beck agreed to open

negotiations on the proposals.

Mr. V.D.N. Rao, director of the exhibition. Hikmat spent over an hour and half at the exhibition. He showed keen interest in a pictorial display depicting an over-view of the industrial infrastructure developed by India in various sectors such as steel. heavy engineering, electronics, transport and communications, pharmaceuticals, electronics, oil refining, atomic energy and space

He also showed interest in the broad range of products shown in the exhibition, including agricultural implements such as tractors and threshers; tyre retreading machinery, machine tools, equipment for uninterruptible power supply, fuel injection equipment, and a host of consumer items such as textiles, garments, leather products and gold jewellery. He readily recognised the display of some of the Indian

companies already known in Jor-

Movers Limited, Indian Railway Construction Company Limited. Indian Telephone Industries Li-mited (ITI), and Minerals and Metals Trading Corporation of India (MMTC).

The minister spent considerable time in the stalls put up by the Indian Telephone Industries, and MMTC and made searching enquiries about the technical specifications, quality control methods being adopted in India and price competitiveness of the

The minister was informed about the wide range of mining and other engineering equipments already supplied by India to Jordan. In particular, he appreciated a sophisticated mobile exploration drilling rig on display which has been recently supplied from India for the phosphate mines in

Management challenge comes to Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) — The organisers of the 1989 Middle East Management Challenge are pleased to announce an outstanding record response to this year's country finals' stage of the competition which surpassed all previous levels of response throughout the six-year-old history of the challenge. "The substantial increase corresponds with the Middle East Management Challenge expanse of field beyond the Gulf Coopwith the inclusion this year of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan," said Grant Bonar, marketing manager for the Middle East for the Benson & Hedges brand at BAT UK & Export. He added that 54 teams have now been selected to participate in the Country Final stage of the com-

petition. The Country Finals will be in nine locations throughout the Middle East, during September 1989, starting first in Saudi Ara-bia in Jeddah, followed by Riyadh then in Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Oman and finally culminating in Amman. The lucky winners from each location will automatically qualify for the grand final stage of the competition which will be

held in November in the UK. This year the interest in the competition represented various economic sectors in the countries participating ranging from large corporate companies and banks to small private enterprises and hotels. There is also a noticeable increase in the number of females answering the call from the chal-lenge with four entries in Jordan,

one in Qatar and one in Bahrain. The success and fame of this unique management exercise has not only attracted a vast number of competitors but also prompted teams who have previously exsimulated exercises and the taste of winning to try their luck again. During September 1989, the

organisers of the Middle East Management Challenge will visit nine cities in the Middle East on a hectic schedule involving setting up computer simulated management exercises, which are expert-ly devised, by the renowned Ashridge Management College in the UK, to test the competing teams over a one day period in a highly competitive atmosphere. Each of the teams will be given a company history to review and study and later take critical management decisions which will be judged against the decisions of other participating competitors. Their objective is the success of the company by making sound decisions and although the strategies of the various teams may differ, the results will be judged on the basis of their per-

Jordan, Sweden discuss economic cooperation

Tuesday had a meeting with his Swedish counterpart who is currently visiting Jordan as part of the delegation accompanying King Carl Gustaf and briefed him on the Kingdom's general economic conditions. Innab spoke in depth about the

povernment's measures to deal with the present difficulties and the country's restructuring plans. Innab also explained prospects for investors and the guarantees they are offered by the govern-

ment, and cited a number of cases and their fruitful results. The minister referred in particular to

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Iordanian-foreign joint ventures which have been carried out in the Kingdom and prospects for. similar ventures within the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC)

> The Swedish minister was briefed on the ACC programmes. He voiced his country's support for such groupings that aim to promote trade and economic and technical cooperation. He said Sweden welcomes cooperation with the ACC countries in these fields also and hopes that further efforts will be made to promote Jordanian-Swedish cooperation in all fields.

UNCTAD workshop ends in Amman on positive note

AMMAN (Petra) --- A three-day workshop on generalised preference system (GPS), organised by Amman Chamber of Industry in cooperation with the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) concluded in Amman Tuesday.

Addressing the closing session. Khaldoun Abu Hassan, Amman Chamber of Industry President, said the workshop provided a good opportunity for continuous dialogue and contacts between exporters and international trade experts. Such contacts and dialogue will reflect positively on the volume of Jordanian exports and will lead to opening up external markets for the Jordanian products., Abu Hassan noted.

He pointed out that the involvement of both the public and private sector representatives in the workshop was indicative of their interest in increasing and promoting exports, particularly at this time when the country is going through a state of economic reform and adjustment. Abu Hassan called on UN-

CTAD and the International Trade Centre to contribute to setting up a specialised unit in

Jordan to serve as a focal point for exportation to the industrialised countries and as a reference for exporters.

Abu Hassan voiced appreciation for UNCTAD and the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) for their efforts to make the workshop a success and called on the UNDP to provide the necessary assistance to the parties concerned with increasing exports.

Abu Hassan noted the great role played by the UNDP in developing and promoting exports and said the chamber pins great hopes on the technical and advisory services offered by the

A UNCTAD representative praised the workshop's deliberations and discussions and called on Jordanian exporters to capitalise on the good bilateral relations between Jordan and the European Community (EC) and to benefit from the agreements already concluded with the EC. He said that the GPS provides good incentives and opportunities for exportation to the industrialised countries, particularly the

Jordan pharmaceuticals win Tunisian contract

pharmaceutical industries have won a share in an international tender floated in Tunis to provide Tunisian pharmacies and the Tunisian central pharmacy with medicines, according to Samir added, Arabiyat, direct of the Jordanian commercial Centre here.

Arabiat said three Jordanian pharmaceutical companies together won 20 per cent of the total volume of a tender in which world companies took part Arabiat said Jordan's high-quality drugs have good reputation in

TUNIS (Petra) - Jordanian Tunisia and the North African Arab countries. The new tender could open the way for Jordanian pharmaceutical industries to sell more products in the countries of the Arab Maghreb Union, he

According to Arabiat, a similar tender will be announced here soon to supply medical appliances and medicine to the Arab Maghreb Union countries which include Libya, Algeria, Morocco and Mauritania in addition to

JD 800,000 loans to help Maan farmers

(ACC) this year contributed to the execution of 35 agricultural projects within the Maan Governorate, according to ACC Director General Mansour Ibn Tarif. He said that the ACC provided loans to farmers to finance drilling of artesian wells, reclaim lands to be planted with

AMMAN (Petra) — The Agrifruit trees and purchase farm cultural Credit Corporation equipment, set up livestock farms and others totalling JD 800,000. Ibn Tarif who was speaking with a delegation of Maan farmers here said that the ACC was willing to provide seasonal loans to farmers to belp them purchase seeds and long and medium term loans for growing fruit trees in Maan Governorate.



WORLD STOCK MARKETS

By Reuters

SYDNEY — The long-awaited sale of Bond Corp's breweries offset concern about interest rates and the trade deficit. The All-Ordinaries Index gained 10.3 to 1,745.8.

TOKYO - The Nikkei index fell 1.47 points to 34,471.07. Fund managers, closing their half-year books this week, watched from

HONG KONG — The Hang Seng Index fell 19.91 to 2,628.3. Brokers said the market lacked fresh incentives. SINGAPORE - The Straits Times Industrial Index slipped below

the psychological 1,400 level to close 5.24 points lower at 1,399.27. Institutional investors remained largely sidelined. BOMBAY - Prices drifted lower on profit-taking in light trade. Many investors stayed on the sidelines and state-owned investment institutions were the only buyers.

FRANKFURT — Shares closed higher but many investors avoided the market amid fears the Bundesbank might raise interest rates on Thursday. The Real-Time 30-Share Dax index gained 9.03 to 1,614.14.

PARIS - Interest in special interest stocks offset modest profit-taking and prices closed higher. The 50-share bourse indicator rose by 0.18 pct.

LONDON - Prices recovered in late trading after a bout of profit-taking set in on rumours of a "sell" programme. At 1530 GMT the FTSE index was down 11.0 at 2,362.8.

NEW YORK — Blue chips rose, helped by some programme buying, firm bond prices and a stronger dollar. Consumer prices data suggested abating inflationary pressures. The Dow gained 10



and me. So we're doing okay."

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Hereri Armald and Decidence ULIPP INBAC STEGAK WHEN ALL IS SAID AND DONE, SOME PEOPLE JUST DO THIS. **CUBEKT** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-cested by the above cartoon. Jumbles: DOGMA TARDY ACHING PESTLE Answer: The best weight lifters-CALORIES



U.S. basketball players should follow world rules

MILAN, Italy (AP) — American world championship and Olympic basketball players will have to learn the rules the rest of the world plays by, the sport's top international official said

Boris Stankovic; secretary general of the International Bas-ketball Federation, said unifying the rules of the game and making sure the top players take part in

priorities.

the French acronym by which his federation is known, was trying to find a way to stop the contract raiding that has been building between European teams and the National Basketball Association

GOREN BRIDGE

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1989

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF Both vulnerable, South deals. NORTH

4 K Q 3♥ 10 9 3
♦ A K Q 10 2 EAST **★ A 5 4 2**♥ J 7 6 4
♦ 9 3 SOUTH **1087**

North East 1 C Pass 3 NT Pass

ticals

Opening lead: Six of • Some bridge players are peopleexters—they cannibalize their partners by making life as difficult as possible for them at the table. But a pariner who solves your problem for you is not only worth his weight in gold, but a sure winner.

As a passed hand, South's jump to two no trump showed a balance 11-12 points. With his fine suit and

GENERAL TENDENCIES:

Take a very conservative and ultra conventional stance and you will

attract the support of those in authority who have the real power

to follow through and support your

ARIES: You have many creative

ideas about your work but you need to check them out with an

influential person. The best friends

for you to see now are those most congenial with your attachment.

TAURUS: You will have a good

chance to get the help of one who can aid you most at your own-

particular job now. you will now be able to make some interesting

friendship with some very impor-

GEMINI: New friends who have

dynamic ideas will help you to attain your cherished social objec-

tives. You will need to be alert for

new means and methods by which

MOON CHILDREN: A highly

placed person will show you how to

do your work so that you will get

much better results. Your friends

now will be most pleased with you

if you invite them to your home for

LEO: You will have so much con-structive progress socially and with friends this week that you can accomplish a great deal. This is the

day when you should change your

VIRGO: You are now under excel-

lent aspects for increasing your income, so follow your best ideas.

A friend can give you some excel-lent information now that can aid

LIBRA: You can be as direct as

you wish in stating exactly what

you want where your work is con-

THE Daily Crossword by Hervey Chyles

you with your job.

tant persons.

you do your job.

tournaments were his group's top

Stankovic also said that FIBA. in the United States.

good intermediates. North had an

West led the six of clubs, and East

made the correct technical play of the queen. Declarer took his king and started to run diamonds. On the

third round of diamonds, East dis-

it. From the Rule of 11, Bast could

tell that declarer had only one card

higher than the card led by West.

Therefore, East knew his partner held both the jack and nine of clubs. He was afraid West might think de-

clarer held the ace of clubs, and let

go of one or more clubs. This de-fense was sure to defeat the

But couldn't East have accom-

plished the same thing by rising with

the ace of clubs and continuing with the queen? No! Declarer would sim-ply hold up the king of clubs until the third round. As the cards lie,

West has no fast entry, so declarer

would have time to force out the ace

of spades and come to nine tricks.

via one spade, two hearts, five dia-

monds and a club.

Drastic cases require drastic

cerned. You will have two projects

in which you can make more

SCORPIO: You will need to think

quickly in order to do all the little

jobs that are awaiting your atten-tion. You will need to get the advice of a successful man before

entering into a business proposi-

SAGITTARIUS: Most anything

that you do of a social nature today

is almost bound to work out well

A new proposition brought by in-fluential men from a distance is

CAPRICORN: You will have your

most inventive and ingenious ideas that you have had at work for a

iong time. Friends and charming

associates will both help you to

AQUARIUS: A wonderful week

for you to go out on the town and to enjoy yourself socially and re-creation-wise. All kinds of new

ideas are presented to you about

PISCES: The thought that you put

into your work today will have long time and beneficial results. Do

something now that your friends like and you will closen the bonds

Today's child: If your child were born today he or she may listen to the dreary sad tales of some of the negative individuals they unfortu-

nately attract and become overly pessimistic about society in gener-

al. This child will stay close to the

ment to bring out their many fine

"The stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you.

nest and will need extra encourage

getting more money.

that tie you to them.

fine for you.

you now.

Had East lost his mind? Far from

easy raise to game.

carded the ace of chiba!

week soccer. On paper the friendly against Bulgaria is probably the easiest of Italy's eight pre-1990 internation-

and an unusually busy domestic

CESENA, Italy (R) — World als which include games against Cup hosts Italy open their inter-Brazil, the Netherlands and national season in a friendly World Cup holders Argentina. against Bulgaria on Wednesday But national team manager with a squad plagued by injury Azeglio Vicini said the tie could

prove dangerous for Italy.

Italy opens season against Bulgaria

"At the start of the season and European programme. Italy have a place by rights in the 1990 World Cup finals next there are always little problems and difficulties. Besides I expect summer but with seven Italian this to be a season of ups and teams in Europe and the teledowns because no-one can be at scoping of domestic league and their best for nine months when cup competitions, their top players they are playing both on Wednes-days and Sundays," he said. are already tiring under the unaccustomed demands of twice-a-

Bulgaria, who have failed to qualify for the 1990 finals, face pressures of a different sort. Manager Ivan Vutsov is making

almost three years during which his two successors at the helm Vicin failed to halt the national side's décline.

"I hope the match against Italy, three times World Cup winners, will be the best preparation for a new concept in Bulgarian football," Vutsov said.

Vicini has kept changes in the squad who won six of their eight international friendlies last season to a bare minimum. Star striker Gianluca Vialli is

on top form and is likely to be joined in attack by Sampdoria team mate Roberto Mancini and Napoli's Andrea Carnevale for his comeback after an absence of the match in the north-east city of

nique Herr and has also called up

Vicini has strengthened the midfield, bringing in Fiorentina's Roberto Baggio, the league's top

goal scorer, in place of injured AC Milan stalwart Roberto Donadoni, and recalling Napoli's Massimo Crippa.

Giancarlo Marocchi will replace injured inter defender Nicola Berti.

Bulgaria will be without kev striker Nasko Sirakov, who is needed for a Spanish cup match with his new club Real Zaragoza. Defender Emile Dimitrov and midfielder Kalin Bankov have been called up for the first time.

Wrold Cup star watched Belgium

thrash Portugal 3-0 in Brussels

two weeks ago to remain top of

the group with 10 points from six

He was not impressed by the

"Two of Belgium's goals came

In spite of Switzerland's lowly

fourth place in the five-nation

group with two points from four

ames Stielike remains optimis-

tic that his charges still have an

outside chance of reaching next

"Belgium are virtually

through. But the second spot is

still wide open," he said.

'Switzerland could qualify if they

win the next four games, with home advantage in three of

from crass defensive errors," he

games and unbeaten.

Portuguese defence.

year's finals in Italy.

American League baseball roundup:

NEW YORK (AP) Dave Stewart must be wondering what it's going to take to win one more game. So is Dennis Eckersley,
For the second straight time, Eckersley blew a chance in the
ninth inning for Stewart's 20th victory of the season and 100th of his career. And for the second straight time, Eckersley wound up with the victory when Dave Henderson got the winning hit for the Oakland Athletics.

Henderson hit a tiebreaking single in the 10th inning Monday night as the A's beat the Cleveland Indiana 1. Oakland ended a three-game losing streak and stayed 24 games ahead in the American League West.

"With Eck coming in the game, there's almost a 100 per cent chance he's going to close it out," said Stewart, one victory away from his third straight 20-win season. "There was no doubt in my mind he would do it."

But as was the case last Wednesday against Milwaukee, Eckersley gave up a ninth-inning, tying home run and left Stewart with no decision. The A's won that game on Henderson's homes in the bottom of the ninth.

"After what I did to him the last time, it's like, what am I going to do? What can I say? He knows I'm out there trying," Eckersley

Red Sox 6, Bine Jays 3

The Boston Red Sox, unable to defeat Toronto at home since 1987, beat the first-place Blue Jays as Nick Esasky homered during a five-run third inning.

Toronto had its three-game winning streak stopped and its lead in the American League East cut to two games over Baltimore. The Red Sox won their fourth straight and pulled to 8½ back. White Sox 4, Royals 2

Reliever Jeff Montgomery's throwing error helped the Chicago White Sox rally for three runs in the ninth inning and beat Kansas City, dropping the Royals 3 (games back in the American League

Kansas City fell farther behind first-place Oakland, which beat Cleveland 4-2 in 10 innings. California won and stayed in second place, 2½ games back.

Angels 6, Twins 3 Bert Blyleven pitched eight strong innings and the California Angels remained 21/2 games back in the American League West,

beating the Minnesota Twins. Chili Davis hit a three-run homer as California won for the eighth time in 11 games and kept pace with first-place Oakland. The Twins were mathematically eliminated from the race.

Blyleven, 16-4, gave up one run on seven hits, including Kent Hrbek's 200th career homer, and beat his former teammates for the second time this season.

Rangers 5, Mariners 2

Fred Manrique's tiebreaking, two-run double in the eighth inning sent the Texas Rangers over the Seattle Mariners. Rexas' Nolan Ryan got a no-decision, giving up two runs on three hits in 7 1-3 innings. The all-time strikeout leader fanned just two, his lowest total since Aug. 15, 1988.

National League baseball roundup

NEW YORK (AP) — Luis Salazar had an advantage the rest of his teammates lacked. He had batted against Frank Viola before in the American League.

"I knew that when there are men on base, he goes to offspeed pitches and I waited for one," Salazar said. "I had a couple of hits the last time I faced him."

Salazar hit an offspeed pitch for a two-run homer to cap a four-run fifth inning Monday night that wiped out a three-run deficit and started the Chicago Cubs to a wild 10-6 victory over the New York Mets.

Swiss soccer team plagued by injury

NEUCHATEL, Switzerland (R) - Switzerland's national soccer coach Uli Stielike has been dogged by injury problems ahead of the World Cup qualifying tie against Portugal on Wednesday.

Veteran captain Heinz Hermann's bid to add another cap to his record 93 could be frustrated by an injury sustained in a

TORONTO (R) — The International Amateur Athletics Federa-

tion (IAAF) has not taken the

ly, a federal inquiry heard on Monday.

Attorney Roy McMurtry, who

represents sprinter Ben Johnson's

coach Charlie Francis, said the

IAAF should fund research into

while cross-examining IAAF Vice President Dr. Arne Ljung-

qvist, who said the federation had

supported some research and had

sponsored two international dop-

tion should set up a major inter-

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McMurty also said the federa-

ing conferences since 1987.

McMurtry made his comments

dope-testing.

weekend league match. Also on the injury list are defender Stefan Marini and midfielder Christian Colombo. All must pass fitness tests on Wednesday when Stielike will

group seven match. He is expected to give a first cap to Lausanne defender Domi-

national investigation along the lines of the Canadian inquiry into

drug use in amateur sport.
The Canadian government

established the inquiry, now in its ninth month, after Johnson tested

positive for anabolic steroids at

the Seoul Olympics last Septem-

ber. More than 40 Canadian

athletes, including Johnson, have

admitted on the witness stand to

McMurtry cited recent news-

paper reports in which two for-

mer East German Olympic com-

mittee officials said virtually all

athletes who compete interna-

tionally for that country use

drugs.

Ljungqvist told the inquiry that

under its current rules the IAAF

can require its member national

federations to investigate estab-

lished cases of doping. But he

said newspaper reports hardly

constitute a basis for investiga-

In other questioning, Ljung-

qvist was under fire for a recent IAAF decision to strip admitted

drug users of world records.
"The effect of that rule could

well be to send out a message to

athletes around the world: Simply

keep your mouth shut and con-

done --- deny, deny, deny --- and

there will be no problem," said

Ljungqvist, however, said he

strong.

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tinue to do what you've laways

using steroids.

another uncapped player, Sion's Francois Rey, in case Marini is Steilike, 35, faces his first real

test since the surprise 1-0 home win against Brazil in a friendly in name his team for the European June, a month after he replaced the sacked Daniel Jeandupeux. The West German former

'IAAF not serious about drug problem had little concern about the possibility the rule might prevent discl-

osure, since athletes have seldom

made such admissions in the past,

At this, Dubin said it usually takes investigations such as the Canadian inquiry to produce admissions of drug use by athletes. Ljungqvist was also questioned about drug-testing at the August

1983 world track and field championships in Helsinki, at which he headed the doping committee. The inquiry has heard that two athletes at the event tested positively for testosterone use, but

the results were eventually judged negative and dismissed. Ljungqvist said on Monday there was no way of knowing which athletes had tested positive, because the athlete's identity is always coded, and the code is not deciphered unless the sample is ultimately ruled positive.

Ljungqvist earlier told the inquiry that he had been told dope testing at this year's U.S. indoor championships in February produced two positive tests for tes-

Portuguese coach Julio "Juca" Cernadas, under pressure after his team's recent lacklustre performances, said: "Despite losing to Belgium we can still win a qualifying place. But we will have

to get at least a point in Switzer-

Boavista's Frederico, who missed the Belgium tie through injury, looks set to return to strengthen the fragile defence, while experienced midfielder Adelino Munes could be recalled.

Juca also looks likely to field star exiles Rui Barros of Juventus and Atletico Madrid's Paulo Futre in search of an early goal.

"We are not going to stick to a heavy defensive line-up, but one that will be ready to snap up any scoring chances," he said.

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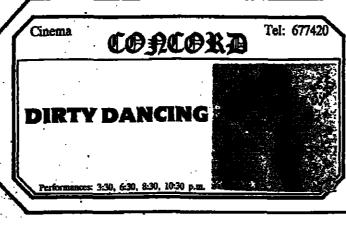
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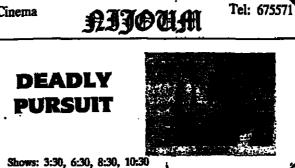
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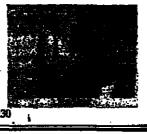
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1 Move unsure 7 Smile broadly 11 Be agreeable 14 On key 15 Verdi opera 16 Do wrong 17 Praises with spirit? 18 Allowance fo 26 Sen birds 27 Algerian cavairyman 30 Sweeter size: abbr. 32 Get — of (throw away) 33 "— Town" 34 Kind of card 37 Kind of party 46 Wavering Rohl 42 Money taker Yesterday's Pezzle Selved GABA FAGET GAB ADAT TROVE DUTO HORE GAMER CORV EMERGE DEASTA GABLE ODEASTA FOR BASE SORATI FOR BASE SORATI FOR BASE SORATI 48 Paving stuff 50 Garland 51 Great deal 53 Antiered ELOS BASP SOPA ELOS ABBIE PET SUBGE TATE ATAN RENOTE PARIS TOPES TOPESAP MISCESSOR BENOPA ARAD TAULT HODE DUSC ASCOT things 60 Bistro 64 Russ, village 65 God of love 66 Whodunk 13 Lock of hair 22 1 or 2 23 Setter or stee Hams 68 Haren 69 Quece 70 Ocean 71 Ready 72 la orde 58 Small group 59 MY college 49 Beats back 52 Songbird 53 Office notes DOWN







PLAZA

Cinema

SUMMER JOB

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:15, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

Phnom Penh honours departing Vietnamese

PHNOM PENH (Agencies) — Cambodia's-rulers decorated departing Vietnamese military chiefs Tuesday and praised Vietnam's 11-year occupation as "humanitarian" because it stopped massacres by Cambodia's former rulers, the Khmer Rouge.

In a ceremony, authorities presented the Angkor Order to commanders of the eight army, navy and air force units that are to begin leaving Thursday in what Vietnam says will be the pullout of its last 26,000 troops.

Chea Sim, number two of Phnom Penh's ruling Communist Party, pinned medals on the officers before delivering a speech praising them for having toppled the fanatical Communist Khmer Rouge in late 1978.

The presence of the Vietnamese in Cambodia during the last 10 years is a legal act and humanitarian aid," he said of the intervention condemned by many non-Communist nations as a violation of international law and the United Nations Charter.

The Khmer Rouge killed people. The people were scared all the time," he said. "The presence of the Vietnamese troops in Cambodia has saved Cambodian

The Khmer Rouge is blamed for the deaths of hundreds of

SAN JUAN (R) — Hurricane

Hugo headed towards the Baha-

mas and the U.S. mainland Tues-

day after a rampage through the Caribbean that killed at least 19

people and left tens of thousands

· "There was some devastating

damage to Puerto Rico, the worst

in 50 years," a Puerto Rican

official in Washington said.
Hugo battered Puerto Rico,

the most populous of a dozen

islands hit by what officials said

was the strongest hurricane this decade in the Eastern Caribbean,

with winds of more than 200

kilometres-per-hour Monday. It

ripped roofs off homes, caused

heavy damage to hotels, over-

turned cars and flooded roads.

Tourists who came to Puerto

Rico for its sunny beaches and

busy casinos had to ride out the

storm huddled in hotel lobbies.

Windows were blown out and

ground floors flooded in Luxury

hotels in San Juan's Condado

beach district, Puerto Rico's main

JOHANNESBURG (R) —

South Africa has promised its people a new style of government

and a period of decisive reform when F.W. de Klerk is sworn in

as the republic's president

Top of his agenda will be nego-

tiations with the black majority

and boosting the country's bat-

tered economy, state-run radio

South Africa said Tuesday in a

daily commentary which voices

But no quick solution can be

De Klerk, 53, winner of a

power struggle with ex-President

P.W. Botha and head of the

long-governing National Party

expected for the country core

government policy.

problem, the radio said.

Wednesday.

thousands of people during its nearly four-year experiment in creating a "pure" peasant

It now is the largest member of the three-party guerrilla coalition fighting the Vietnamese and the Phnom Penh government they installed days after the invasion.

Fighting could escalate sharply as the Phnom Penh forces stand alone against the Khmer Rouge after the Vietnamese pullout.

Chea Sim, also president of the National Assembly, said the guerrillas still oppose his government although it has amended the constitution, overseen the Vietnamese pullout, and tried to find

a political settlement. Chea Sim spoke a day after Prime Minister Hun Sen flew to Bangkok to try to revive the peace process with officials in Thailand, which backs the guer-

rillas fighting his government. A Foreign Ministry official said Hun Sen, who is to meet Thai Prime Minister Chatichai Choonhavan, was expected back from Thailand Tuesday or Wednesday.

Chea Sim urged foreign countries to stop arming Cambodian guerrillas, saying they would be responsible for any increased

Ron Walker, spokesman for

Puerto Rico's resident commis-

sioner in Washington, said Hugo

caused the worst property dam-

age in the island in half a century.

He said it probably made several

hundred thousand people home-

less and was known to have killed

But Governor Rafael Hernan-

dez-Colon was quoted by Puerto

Rican radio stations as estimating

that about 30,000 people lost

Looters stole goods from dam-

aged stores and supermarkets and

at least 10 people were arrested,

Forecasters said Hugo's cur-

rent path could take it into the

tiny Turks and Caicos islands, the

Bahamas and eventually to the

east coast of the United States

between Florida and the Caro-

At Cape Canaveral on Flor-

which won elections Sept. 6, is to

His supporters see him as a

cautious reformer determined to

get to grips with South Africa's

problems but not given to sweep-

ing change in order to integrate

"The problems facing constitu-

tional reform cannot be resolved

"But as a new administration

takes over tomorrow, it does so

with the promise of a new style of

government that will lead South

Africa into a period not only of

decisive reform but also of renew-

overnight," the radio commen-

blacks into the white-run estab-

be sworn in as president in a

Pretoria church Wednesday.

ida's middle Atlantic coast,

De Klerk to bring 'new

style, decisive reform'

lishment.

At least 19 dead in Hurricane

Hugo's Caribbean rampage

at least six.

their homes.

authorities said.

troops withdraw from our country, the biggest problem re-maining...is that the international community must urgently take action to prevent civil war," he

'Many of the countries who have condemned the Vietnamese troop presence and which give military aid to (the Khmer Rouge) are above all responsible for the danger of future civil

Vietnam has promised to pull out its last 26,000 soldiers from Cambodia between Thursday and

China is the main arms supplier of the Khmer Rouge, the biggest of three guerrilla groups fighting along the Cambodian-Thai

Thailand, Singapore, the United States, Britain and France give assistance to two smaller,

on-Communist groups. Hun Sen's trip to Thailand was hastily arranged as Vietnamese soldiers made final preparations for a mass exodus from Cambodia by land, air, sea and river.

Bangkok has played a key role in the decade-long conflict by providing the guerrillas sanctuary and permitting foreign arms supplies to be transported to them across Thai territory.

decide on Tuesday if Hugo would

force postponement of the Oct.

12 launch of the space shuttle

Hugo struck Puerto Rico, a

U.S. commonwealth with a

population of 3.3 million, a day

after tearing through the French

island of Guadeloupe where it

killed five people, injured dozens and made 10,000 to 12,000 home-

Hugo caused widespread dam-

age from Guadeloupe north

along a 640-kilometre arc of is-

lands. Six people were reported

Authorities on Montserrat said

most buildings in the British col-

ony were severely damaged, and

amateur radio operators relayed

reports that nearly all the 12,000

residents lost their homes. The

Roval Navy frigate Alacrity

reached Montserrat with

emergency supplies, the reports

life of the country," it said.

South Africa.

De Klerk's critics question

whether the pace of reform will

satisfy the voteless black majority

or ease foreign pressures for

more economic sanctions against

South Africa's leading news-

paper for blacks, the Sowetan,

Tuesday gave de Klerk credit for

The paper referred to de Klerk's decision last week to

allow a series of protest marches

"But that will not remove the

in South African cities which

demand by an ever-growing num-

ber of people for a united, non-

racial, democratic South Africa,"

would normally be banned.

having strong nerves.

dead in Montserrat and two in

Damage estimates varied NASA officials said they would



Two little Bogota girls on their way to school pass the state coffee bank which was destroyed by a bomb blast believed to have been carried out

Bogota bombings unabated; Barco urges national unity

COLOMBIA (Agencies) — Colombia continues to be wracked by almost daily bombings as drug traffickers resist a government crackdown and President Virgilio Barco has urged Colombians to join the crusade against drurgs.

cial damage.

Two bombs exploded Monday embassy in Bogota, hit by a night in Bogota. One, at a shopping centre, injured a child, a man and woman, the Colombian radio chain RCN said in a report from the scene.

A man was seen placing the bomb in a pile of garbage bags in front of a store, witnesses told an RCN reporter.

The other bomb was thrown from a car at a substation of the government-owned telephone company, a spokesman for the national police said.

A guard shot one of several men placing that bomb, and the wounded man and several companions fled in a car moments before the dynamite exploded, the police spokesman said. Security was tight at the U.S.

Deng

'dead'

PEKING (AP) — China's senior

Deng Xiaoping Tuesday joked

about foreign reports of his death
— and how the fact that he

proved to be alive had helped the

among the politicians he most

respected were Richard Nixon,

Henry Kissinger and Japan's for-mer Prime Minister Kakuei Tana-

ka, men who led the way in

improving their countries rela-

time in three months when he

held talks with Chinese-Amer-

tions with China.

returns

trying to break society's back through violence," Barco said in a statement Monday.
"Never before was national

partcipation in this struggle so necessary. Unity against the common enemy — the criminal inter-national drug trafficking orga-nisation — must come before the

shoulder-fired rocket that did not

explode and caused only superfi-

Six bombs exploded Sunday,

A total of 47 bombings have

three in Cali and three in Bogota.

injured 121 people in three

weeks. No one has claimed re-

sponsibility, but the government

assumes all were the work of drug

*Colombia's enemies are

natural differences that exist between good Colombians.

Now is not the time for opportunism, egotism, or the defence of private interests against the supreme interests of the nation. It is the hour of greatness," Barco The president called the crack-

down on drug barons he announced a month ago "a crusade for democracy and peace in which every citizen must be a combatant for morality and the Traffickers are believed to be

using bomb in hopes of forcing the government into dropping an emergency decree under which they can be extradited to the United States.

The domestic news agency Colprensa said a Bogota judge had head of an Israeli security firm

ssued an arrest warrant for the alleged to have aided drug lords. It said Yair Klein, head of the Hod Hahanit (spearhead) secur-

The report, which a Justice Ministry spokeswoman said she could not confirm, said a warrant had also been issued for another Israeli identified as Arik Acer.

Klein, a former army colonel who is back in Israel, has said he provided "self-defence" training to farmers in Colombia but has denied any links to drug traf-

In Bogota, the church has expressed scepticism over calls for negotiations to end violence.

"I don't see how there can be any dialogue or conversations with people whose mentality is one of violence, whose attitude is arrogant and who support themselves on the basis of immoral-Cardinal Mario Revollo Bravo told reporters at an impromptu news conference as he left a church meeting in Bogota Sunday.

The statement by Revolio Bravo was the strongest yet by the church against the drug trafity company, was charged with

Thames race moves to Chicag

CHICAGO (AP) -- Crew from Oxford and Cambridg versities rowed past the Tower and Wrigley build they moved their 160-ye rowing rivalry from the Thames to the Chicago The event's organises. Mowbray, originally wante ford to complete against a west team, but when he re no local teams could match land's talent, he contacted bridge. Oxford's nine-man won Saturday's race by les half a length, thought it w count in the official win-k cord compiled since 1829 victories for Cambridge and Oxford, which has won 14 last 15 matches. The Chicag was 3.2 kilometres, abou that of London's, and ! hairpin turn that prompted. gered start. It was the firs the British universities race other in the United States official races are held in Ma the Thames. As the Oxforc stepped up to collect trophies, they hoisted their swain - or steerman - or shoulders and tossed him in river. "I did a good job, so why," said Martin Watts, London, as he pulled hims and wrung himself out.

Wrong number right friendship

AKRON, Ohio (AP) - F years ago Leonard Brow Swindon, England, meant t the offices of a Chicago may to say he had not receive latest edition. Instead, h Marilyn Carroll in Univ Park, Pennsylvania. answered the call while we as a switchboard operat Pennsylvania State Unive and after polite introduction two continued talking. B now 81, this month travell his phone-pal's home in / and has spent the past two getting to know her and husband, Tom Harmon. "I ring her up every so often t out how she was getting : There was no regular in between calls," said Brown retired British railway we "It was just that I liked her and she sounded very nice (phone and so we kept it up said. "After a while, the ators would recognise his and say to me, 'it's your Brown'," said Mrs. Harme

Rare whale dies

VALLEJO, California (A) The second of two rare be whales that beached thems died Monday after a recon days in captivity, officia Marine World-Africa USA Hundreds of volunteers

"He certainly did not finish off a bottle and a balf of Jack eating well and was given a

and a hectic schedule, and by

criminal conspiracy. Was or wasn't Yeltsin inebriated?

WASHINGTON (AP) - The American who sponsored Boris N. Yeltsin's tour of United States denies accusations published by a Soviet newspaper that the Communist Party maverick was publicly drunk for much of the trip.

"If there was any problem with Yeltsin, it was jet lag, said Jim Garrison, executive director of the Esalen Institute Soviet-American Exchange programme, which sponsored the nine-day, 11-city tour. "Most of the time he was cold sober.'

Pravda, organ of the Soviet Communist Party Central Committee, Monday reprinted an article from the Italian newspaper La Republica saying Yeltsin was repeatedly drunk during the tour and squandered his lecture fees shopping.

Yeltsin "leaves behind him a wake of catastrophic prophecies, insane expenses, interviews, and above all the perfume of Jack Daniels black label," said the article, translated into Russian.

Pravda did not comment on the article, but advertised it in a front-page box thatsaid Yeltsin found the United States "a holiday, a stage, a bar 5,000 kilometres long."

Yeltsin, interviewed as he arrived back in Moscow from the trip, called the report "gar-

bage."
"It's a simple lie, slander and revenge; for the fact that Americans received us with

with anger.

While in the United States, Yeltsin said President Mikhail S. Gorbachev had made mistakes and faced a potential revolution from Soviet citizens dissatisfied with the pace of reform.

Yeltsin was dumped from his job as Moscow party chief and his post on the ruling Politburo for making similar comments in late 1987. But Moscow voters overwhelmingly elected him to the newly constituted Congress of People's Deputies in March.

Before leaving the United States, Yeltsin "predicted the knives would be out on his return," said Garrison, who accompanied him throughout the tour.

"What Pravda has done is for political motivations," said Garrison. Asked to comment on re-

ports that Yeltsin drank a bottle and a half of whiskey the night before he spoke in Baltimore last Tuesday, Garrison said:

Daniels. The entire delegation of five Soviets drank a bottle. But for five Soviet men to drink a bottle of Jack Daniels, that's normal. That's the culture. Soviets tend to drink a

not slept for three nights."

helped care for the young m mammals, which had neve fore survived in captivity. whale that died Monday. Alder, was found Aug. 24 on C Beach in San Francisco w second beaked whale that named Nicholas, Alexander been suffering from pneum but Marine World Presi Mike Demetrios said the cause of death will not be ki pending final results of a ne py and pathology tests. "H the same thing the other did before it died," said Deme "He began swimming very r ly around the pool." Nic died of a severe case of pne nia Sept. 8. Alexander had

of antibiotics Sunday night, a volunteer was in the pool wit whale when it died, he Marine researchers had no pected them to survive their night in captivity. Researchave not yet been able to v which of 18 species of be Yeltsin suffered from jet lag whale Nicholas and Alexa

the time he spoke in Baltimore, said Garrison, "He had

Teenager releases hostages

MCKEE, Kentucky (AP) - An armed teenager stalked into a high school classroom, fired a shot at the ceiling and took 11 classmates hostage Monday, police and witnesses said. After a day-long standoff, he released them all and surrendered.

Several shots were fired, but no one was injured in the confrontation, police said.

Nearly 500 other students inside Jackson County high school were evacuated after the incident began around 9:50 a.m. (1350 GMT), the state police and local law enforcement officials said.

The youth, Dustin Pierce, whose only request to police was to speak to his father, told his hostages he did not want to hurt anyone. The last two hostages were freed shortly after 5 p.m. (2100 GMT), and the teenager gave up about an hour and a half later, authorities said.

The state police declined to identify the hostage-taker, but classmates said he was a 17-yearold student at the school. McKee is a town of 550 people about 80 kilometres southeast of Lexington in the Appalachian foothills.

The teen, who released his hostages throughout the day in al in the political and economic the Sowetan added. exchange for items such as pizza,

soft drinks and cigarettes, "said he wasn't going to hurt nobody." with his father who lives in Floraccording to Craig Eversole, a ida and was contacted. He later classmate who was one of the asked to talk with his grandpahostages. "He said he wasn't rents. going to shoot nobody."
Police trooper Ed Robinson

said the hostage-taker was armed with a shotgun, a .357-caliber Magnum revolver and "some type of automatic pistol." Ever-sole identified the other weapons as a .44-caliber Magnum and a 12-gauge shotgun.

Robinson also said Pierce apparently had held one hostage overnight - the son of school principal Betty Bond. He said the two boys arrived at school in the younger Bond's red pickup, and it appeared that the armed youth had been holding the principal's son since the night before.

It was not clear why the youth took over the classroom. Authorities described him as a newcomer to the school who was living with his grandparents, but some students said they had known him

for years. Police captain John Lile said the boy's parents are separated.

Robinson said the student's first request had been to speak with his father who lives in Flor-

Eversole, 15, said he was in the classroom when the armed youth came through the door after reportedly firing a shot in the

school parking lot.
"He never said nothing," Eversole said. "He shot the ceiling and told the teacher to leave and let two rows of students leave. ...He didn't say nothing, why he was doing it or nothing."

Robinson said the boy appeared relatively calm, but fired one shot at a news helicopter. A state police spokesman in Frankfort later denied that shots were fired at the helicopter. "You could see he didn't really

want to hurt anybody. They were all his friends. But I'm sure he needs help," deputy county coroner Don Johnson said.

"The little town we live in you just don't have things like this happening here, but it seems like it can happen anywhere now," Johnson said.

Deng Xiaoping

Hong Kong stock exchange.
Deng, 85. also told Japanese lawmaker Masayoshi Ito that Kong stock market to fall, he said, adding that the market had recovered when he reappeared winning physicist.

The meeting at the Great Hall healthy," Deng said. of the People was the second for China's reclusive leader in three days. Last Saturday Deng member of the delegation, proappeared in public for the first vided details of the meeting to the

ican physicist T.D. Lee. Deng's re-emergence after the long absence has, for the moment, dispelled speculation that he is gravely ill with cancer and China was then in the throes of

may not have long to live. Ito, who heads Japan's parliamentarians league for Japan-China friendship, opened the meet-ing by commenting that Deng appeared to be in the same good health as when they met a year ago, despite reports that he was seriously ill.

Deng laughingly replied that the foreign mass media had already declared him dead or Such reports caused the Hong

Saturday with Lee, a Nobel prize-"In reality I have always been Yoshiro Hayashi, a Liberal Democratic Party lawmaker and

Japanese press. Deng praised the "high political consciousness" of Nixon, Kissinger and Tanaka, who helped bring about the normalisation of relations with China even though

the leftist cultural revolution. Kissinger, then National Security Council (NSC) adviser, made a secret trip to Peking in 1971 to set the stage for Nixon's dramatic visit in February 1972.

Tanaka, who like Nixon was later to be forced out of office by scandal, travelled to China in September 1972 to normalise relations between the two coun-

conflict, and the Gulf.

November.

U.N. shifts focus to global issues

UNITED NATIONS (R) -With the "cold war" apparently drawing to an end, the confrontational debates that once marked the United Nations General Assembly are giving way to discussion of more global issues such as drugs, environment and the world economy.

These problems are expected to dominate much of the debate among major powers as well as the Third World majority in the assembly, which formally opens its 44th session Tuesday. Nevertheless, serious regional

conflicts remain unresolved. The more than 150 resolutions before the assembly reflect the world body's concern with Afghanistan, Cambodia, Central America. Lebanon, the Israeli-Palestinian

In Africa, the biggest U.N. peacekeeping operation in decades, to supervise Namibia's transition to independence from South Africa, reaches a climax during the session with elections for a constituent assembly set for

The United nations has more than 6,000 troops, police and civilians involved in the operation which costs more than \$400 miltion, in addition to the U.N.'s regular budget of over \$800 mil-

"Anything could happen there," one Western diplomat said. "Every week it's a miracle to get to the end of it without something else happening."

First on the agenda Tuesday is the election of Nigeria's U.N. ambassador, Joseph Garba, 46, a former foreign minister, as assembly president.

The presidency rotates among the U.N. five regional groups and Garba was the unanimous choice of African states. He succeeds Dante Caputo, former foreign minister of Argentina, elected last year as Latin America's representative.

The annual general debate, when heads of state, prime ministers and foreign ministers deliver major speeches, begins next Monday with a heavy Latin American representation and a presentation from U.S. President

The United States, Britain, Brazil and Colombia and other nations are all expected to call for worldwide action to curtail international drug trafficking.

The environment will be the

main topic of British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's speech when she comes to the assembly next month.

However, global action to protect the environment will not be the preserve of the wealthier na-The non-aligned countries have

already made it clear they will propose an annual fund to protect the environment as well as demand action to ease the \$1.3 trillion debt burden of developing countries.

Global weather (major world cities)

BAHFAIN 28 82 37 99 G8
BANGKOK 25 77 33 91 C8
BUENOS AIRES 12 53 21 69 C6
CAIRO 20 68 32 90 C8
CHICAGO 11 52 25 78 C8
COPENHAGEN 16 61 18 66 C10
FRANKFURT 14 57 28 82 C30

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